THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

$1.50 PER YEAR. ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MARCH 14, 1918 VOL. XXXI. NO. 28

MASONS TO HAVE NEW HOME

This Is Made Possible By the Formation of the Masonic Temple Association

BUY BRUCKNER BUILDING

Sequoit Lodge No. 827, A. F. & A. M., is at last to have a permanent home made possible through the efforts of the Antioch Masonic Temple Association which was incorporated at Springfield last week with F. B. Huber, Ernest L. Simons and Walter Taylor as incorporators.

The ten year lease which the Masons have on the John Brogan building will expire the first of next August and it was deemed a fitting time to provide them with more commodious quarters and place them in a home that will be theirs for all time. Accordingly, the Antioch Masonic Temple Association was formed with the membership limited to the members of Sequoit lodge, and through it the Bruckner building, situated on lot 32, on the east side of Main street in this village, was purchased for the sum of $3,650. The money was raised in an incredibly short time by the issuing of shares at $100 each, the entire amount being subscribed for by members of the Masonic order. The entire membership was more than eager to place the lodge in permanent quarters when once the subject was broached and the required sum was raised without the least difficulty, and in fact, more shares could easily have been placed.

The building, which they have just purchased, is built of brick and its size is 36x50. It has a good cement basement the full size of the building, and the first floor which is at present occupied by Mrs. Sowles, who conducts a restaurant there, has only one partition across it. The second floor which was done off into living room when the building was erected will require a considerable of remodeling.

A building committee composed of F. B. Huber, S. LaPlant and Walter Taylor are in charge of this work. They have formulated plans for making the place over into a modern and up to date Masonic Temple, and last Sunday they held a meeting at which they laid their plans before such members of Sequoit lodge as cared to attend.

Their idea is first of all to change the stairway so that the entrance will be from the north side of the building instead of the south as it now is. The stairs will lead into the west end of the hall where there is to be a reception room and a preparation room, the combined size of the two being 16x24. The hall itself is to be 24x42. Toilet rooms will be fitted up and a heating plant installed. Before the rebuilding is completed a banquet room and kitchen will also have been provided.

Workmen are already busy tearing out partitions and the work will be hurried along as fast as possible but it is not the intention of the Masons at this time, to move until the expiration of their present lease.

While the fact that the building has been purchased for Maconic purposes may not be exactly news to many of our readers, the fact that it was purchased by the Masonic Temple Association, a body entirely apart from Sequoit lodge, no doubt is. The rumor that the Masons of Seqoit lodge had bought the building has been going the rounds for several weeks, but through the request of Mr. Huber, who has been very active in putting the deal through, we refrained from mentioning the matter until the incorporation papers were issued and the association was willing for the real facts to be made public.

Production of Salt.

About 51 per cent of the salt produced in Russia is from lakes, 23 per cent being obtained by evaporating brine pumped up from bore-holes, and 26 per cent by mining beds of rock salt.

Birds' Christmas Dinner.

A traveler in Sweden tells of a pretty custom: "Not a peasant will sit down with his children to a Christmas dinner, indoors, till he has first raised aloft a Christmas dinner for the little birds that live in the cold and snow without."

Very Few Realize Savings Total

"Comparatively few persons in the United States realize the full import of the thrift movement in our nation of more than one hundred million inhabitants," said a prominent business man to a friend at luncheon. "The great mass of people may wonder what it means to the war in Europe if one family of, say five persons saves a loaf of bread a week, or a pound of butter, or a pound of sugar or a pound of meat. They don't seem able to see how that can help to defeat the kaiser and his forces.

"But the great big iron-bound fact is that it will help to defeat the German military machine. Taking the family of five as a unit for the average family in America, the saving of the equivalent of bread and butter and sugar and meat means a saving of more than 20,000,000 pounds of bread, butter, sugar and meat a week. There are 2,000 pounds in a ton, and 20,000,000 pounds make 10,000 tons. A fair sized merchantman or freighter will carry 10,000. Thrift in the kitchen means that four 10,000-ton freighters laden with four important articles of food for an army could be sent abroad every week. It is easy to see what an important item this would be in the feed of our forces 'over there.'

"There is another angle to this thrift in the kitchen, which is just as important to the success of the war. Bread, butter, sugar and meat cost money. I think we all have had the fact brought home to us. Let the loaf of bread represent a saving of ten cents, butter a saving of fifty cents, the sugar a saving of a dime, and the meat a saving of thirty cents, making a total of a dollar saved each week. If each of the 20,000,000 families in the United States saved a dollar a week in the kitchen and that money was invested in government securities, the government would have available $20,000,000 a week. And no one would feel the pinch of the saving.

"This sort of thrift and wholesome economy can be practiced in the most humble home in the land. The homes of the wealthy can effect a much greater saving. If every housewife practices honest thrift in the kitchen the kaiser is plainly 'up against.' It is not stretching the point to say that the kaiser can be beaten in the American kitchen."

Cheering News Comes to County From Government

First confirmation of the report that the United States government had placed its official O. K. on the plans for the proposed military highway from Chicago to Milwaukee through Lake county reached Waukegan Monday and caused much exultation on the part of the good road boosters.

Supervisor Geo. Bairstow asserted that there now is nothing to prevent Lake county from calling for bids and awarding the contract for the strip of county road between Waukegan and the Wisconsin state line. He thought it likely that a special meeting of the board would be called in April to permit of this action. He thought it would be possible to get the action work of road construction started early this summer.

The proposed plan calls for the improving of the road from Greenwood avenue, the north boundary line of Waukegan, to the state line, omitting only that portion which runs through Zion City and this must be built by special assessment.

Waukegan and Lake county officials seem to think that all differences have been ironed out so far as the proposed course of the road south of Lake Bluff is concerned so that there will be no delay in building the road through the entire length of the county.

The county board approved the plans some time ago, but the state withheld its approval, due to the controversy over the route to be taken near Highland Park. Now that the government has acted it is said that state approval is almost taken for granted.

Improvement of Fox River and Chain of Lakes in Resort Plan

The Fox river region will be transformed into one of finest resort localities in the west when plans of the Fox River Improvement Association, organized Monday night at the Great Northern hotel in Chicago, are realized.

The river will be dredged and weeded for eight miles between the German village and the dam three miles from McHenry, giving a passage for boats of three feet draft in a stream over 600 feet wide. Through Pistakee and other lakes this water course will extend more than twenty-five miles.

95,000 DRAFTERS CALLED FOR MC. H29

Net Quota Summoned to Fill Out Divisions and Units Soon to Leave for Front

800,000 IN SECOND DRAFT

Following close upon a call for 95,000 drafted men, to begin movement to contonments on March 29, Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder made the first official announcement yesterday of the time of the second draft. It will be ordered as soon as congress amends the law to compute the basis of apportionment among the states on the number of registrants in class 1 instead of population.

For purposes of commutation, 800,000 men will be considered as composing the second draft, although no such number will be called to the colors and at any one time.

The order for the early movement of the remaining men of the first draft and some under the second draft calls troops from every state in the union with the exception of Iowa and Minnesota. Illinois will be called on for only 1,961 men in this call.

The 95,000 now called, it is understood are needed at once to fill up divisions and other units scheduled for early departure or to take the place of men transferred from other divisions to to make up such dificiencies. Newly organized regular divisions are particularly short of men and heavy drafs on national army divisions to make these good have been necessary, sesiously interfering with the training work of the national army divisions drawn upon. The call for new men makes it probable that no further transfers will be necessary.

The 800,000 men to be summoned this year represent the number necessary to fill up all existing divisions, to create all the army corps and field army troops to fill out the war machine for which the framework already exists, and to provide a quarter of a million replacement troops. When they have been mobilized, a work not to be completed before the first of next year, there will be more than forty full infantry divisions of 27,700 men each and all the additional units necessary.

No additional divisions of the national army or national guard will be created this year, although the program for the regular army, now composed of eight infantry and one cavalry divisions, may be enlarged.

People's Town Caucus

A causus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 16, 1918, at the Village hall in the Village of Antioch, between the hours of 1 p. m. and 4 p. m., for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices:

One Town Clerk, one Assessor, one Commissioner of Highways, two Constables to fill vacanacy, three Committeemen.

All voting in said caucus shall be by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned Chairman and Secretary shall act as chairman and secretary of said caucus and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become a candidate in said caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Friday, March 15, 1918.

Geo. White,
Elmer Brook,
Town Committee.

Dated at Antioch, Ill., this 27th day of February, 1913.

Wooden-Soled Shoes.

Wood is being used for shoe soles in some places. California redwood is used, because it is very light, and with tops made of the best obtainable leather, the whole shoe is lighter than most all-leather shoes. But, best of all, these shoes are really waterproof, if the uppers are greased.

LAKE GIVES UP ITS DEAD

Mystry Surrounding the Disappearance of Russell Woman is Cleared

MISSING THREE MONTHS

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Miss Hannah Carney of Russell, who has been missing since the first of last December, was solved on Wednesday of last week when her body was taken from the waters of Lake Michigan.

Jos. Moore of Kenosha, was walking along the beach, just north of Park Rowe on Durkee Aue., Kenosha, about noon when he discovered the almost nude body of a woman lying on the beach where it had been tossed up by the waves.

The body was badly decomposed and gave evidence of having been in the water for many weeks. The top of the head had been entirely washed away by the action of the waves and all clothing had been torn from the body with the exception of a portion of a blue-green skirt which still clung about the waist.

The coroner was immediately notified and the remains were taken to the Hansen morgue where they were identified by Albert Wachs, as the body of his sister-in-law, Miss Hannah Carney.

Miss Carney left the home of her parents in Russell on the first of last December to visit her sister, Mrs. Wachs in Kenosha, and that was the last seen or heard from her. She had seemed in the best of spirits when her brother left her at the depot platform to await the coming of the train that was to take her to Kenosha, but from there she strangely disappeared. Search was made for her over a wide section but no trace could be found and for several weeks past relatives had given up all hope of her return.

More than a year ago she was overcome by gas while working as a maid in a home in Kenosha and she never fully recovered from the effects, and ever since had suffered very seriously from the nervous and mental strain.

She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Carney of Russell and was a very highly respected young lady. For the past year she had been living at home with her parents and at the time of her disappearance was considered almost recovered from her illness.

Miss Carney was a neice of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Carney of Antioch and she also has many relatives and friends in Russel and vicinity who very much regret the tragic ending of her life.

Rev. Jos. E. Savage to be Ordained at Chicago Saturday

Cards are out inviting the friends of Rev. Joseph E. Savage to attend his ordination to the Holy Priesthood at Holy Name Cathedral in Chicago on Saturday, March 16, at eight o'clock; and also to his First Holy Mass at St. Peter's church in Antioch on Passion Sunday, March 17, at ten thirty o'clock.

Rev. Savage is one of Antioch's most estimable young men. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Savage of this place and made his home in this village continuously until the time when feeling called upon to enter into this great field of work he went away to prepare himself for his chosen career. Diligent application to his studies has brought him, while still a young man, to the full realization of his fondest hopes and his First Holy Mass will be said to a congregation made up of relative, intimate friends and acquaintances, all of whom extend to him their heartiest congratulations.

The Poor Druggist.

A certain druggist in this city recently received the following curt and haughty note in a harsh feminine scrawl: "I do not want vasioline. I want glisserine. Is that plain enough? I persoom you can spell."—Florida Times Union.

Hemp Reduces Friction.

It has been discovered that a hemp rope twisted in and out of the links of an iron chain will make the chain last 70 per cent longer by reducing friction, and save from one-fifth to one-third of the price of a new chain.

If The Students Lay Off, Will The Cows Do Likewise?

Now then, if the Waukegan high school boys who go to work on Lake county farms during the summer expect to lay off Saturday afternoon and Sanday. What will the cows do? Will they lay of too?

That's what a Waukegan farmer wants to know.

I see that the high school boys are going to work on the farms, that they expect $25 to $30 a month and that the plan is not to work them too hard but to have them lay off Saturday afternoons and Sundays and be back on the job Monday mornings.

"Now, then, what are the cows going to do? Are they also going to lay off from Saturday to Monday?

"And, if they don't lay off, who's going to milk them when the 'hired man' is off on a vacation?

"Furthermore, if a farmer happens to have 10 or 12 loads of hay ready at noon Saturday to take into the barn and the skies look like rain, what's to happen if the 'hired man' drops his fork and says it's time to go home for Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Is the hay to be left there to spoil or will the farmer have to call his wife to take the place of the hired man?

"It's just as I have felt right along—the city folks think farming is such a snap that we have little to do but take in the money. But just because we might WISH to lay off Saturday or Sunday, just because we might have plans for those days, is no reason why we can do it, for the cows have to be milked regularly no matter what our desires for personal pleasure may be. It's a fine idea for the students to go to work in the country, but, if they're going to ask the wages they say they are going to demand, they better expect to stick on the job the same as the farmer must, day after day and year after year—and then people kick about the price of milk and farm produce? Is it any wonder?

Mrs. S. F. Hunting Prsses Away Last Thursday Afternoon

Last Thursday after we went to press word reached us of the death of Mrs. S. F. Hunting at the McAlister hospital where she has been for the past nine week.

She had been in failing health for a long time and when she was taken to the hospital it was felt by relatives and friends alike that she would never return to her home in this village.

Mrs. Adelaide L. Hunting was born at Darien, N. Y. on July 1, 1847, and was married at Alexander, N. Y., to Sidney F. Hunting in 1862, came to Illinois with her husband in 1871 and settled on a farm in Newport township. After her husband's death in 1908, she came to Antioch where she has since made her home.

Since last August her health has been rapidly failing and she was taken to the McAlister hospital at Waukegan, on January 1st. Human help proved unavailing and she passed away on March 7, 1918.

There are no children living, but she leaves four grandchildren, three sisters Mrs. George Edwards, Waukegan; Mrs. Gardner, Evanston; Mrs. Hahn, New York and one brother, Geo. Sanborn of Eagle River, Wis.

The funeral services were held in Waukegan on Saturday with burial at Hickory. Rev. Pollock of this place having charge of the services at the grave.

Ask That Soo Line Train Be Resumed

At a meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce Tuesday afternoon it was voted to urge and use other means to induce the Soo Line to put back into service the two passenger trains abandoned in January. The train that formerly went north through here at 11:25 a. m. and south at 4:04 p. m.

The trains were practically the only local mail trains and taking them off has worked a great hardship to smaller places both north and south of Burlington. People south of Burlington are now unable to get here, do their shopping and return the same day. Other roads are again resuming local trains and Burlington merchants hope the Soo Line will put the two trains back into service.—Standard Democrat.

Here is a chance for our Commercial Association to get busy and use their influence in the restoration of this much needed train service.

The Clever Man.

The Los Angeles Express has an idea that a clever man is one who never attempts to do things he knows he can't.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Our Exchanges Have Many Items of Different Events Concerning News.

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

Dan O. Head, who was mayor of Kenosha from 1912 to 1914, has entered the field for election this spring.

Janesville, at a special election last week, voted to oust the commission form of government by a 350 majority.

The mill at Wauconda is again operating night and according to the Wauconda correspondent to the Grayslake Times.

General Grant's picture is on the new ten thousand dollar bills. Strange you haven't noticed it as you looked through your change.

The proceeds from the sale of a calf and the passing of the hat netted the Elkhorn Red Cross $240 at the recent cattle sale there.

The young people of the Methodist church at Delavan have pledged themselves to forego the pleasure of candy, ice cream and chewing gum and invest the money, formerly spent, in Thrift stamps.

It now looks as if Harvard will land that sorghum plant, as 107 farmers have signed up to grow sorghum cane. Most of these have agreed to grow one-half acre, while a number have signed up for one acre.

Charged with having said that the Red Cross was a graft and that the local people who collected for it derived the benefits and not the soldiers, Albert Hartwig was arraigned before Judge M. C. Porter at Merrill, Wis, He pleaded guilty and paid a fine of $100 and costs.

George Winkelman, the Marengo barber who came very near being severely dealt with by an enraged mob for making pro-German remarks, is now down at Camp Grant wearing one of Uncle Sam's uniforms. Reports from Woodstock are to the effect that he took kindly to the penalty that was handed him.

Result of Antioch Village Primaries Held on Tuesday

The village primary on Tuesday was about as dull and colorless an affair a could be imagined. There was only one ticket in the field and lack of opposition was responsible for the lack of interest.

On the ticket were the names of Wm. Rosing, Geo. Hockney and A. M. Christensen for trustees to succeed Elmer Brook, N. Pullen and B. F. Naber. The name of H. A. Isaacs appeared for village clerk and that of E. L. Simons for treasurer. There was a total of 25 votes cast as follows:

Harry A. Isaacs—23.
Wm. Rosing—21.
Geo. Hockney—18.
A. M. Christensen—21.
E. L. Simons—22
H. Gelstrap whose name was written in for police magistrate received 3.

Jury Renders Decis on in Antioch vs. Brownell Case for $1,716.95

The case of Brownell vs. the Village of Antioch which was tried in Circuit court last week, closed Thursday afternoon in favor of the plaintiff, the jury awarding damages to the amount of $1,716.95. The guardian for the boy charged the village board with carelessness in allowing the engine to be left on the streets for so long a time, and asked damages to the amount of $5,000 claiming that their negligence was the cause of the boy having lost two fingers.

It appears that the jury agreed with him in that the village officials were at fault but set the amount of damages considerable lower than asked for.

On Tuesday afternoon at the close of the primary election the village board met in special session and decided to petition Judge Edwards for a new trial. In case this is denied they will carry the case to the appelate court.

...LISTS HELD UP BY ROW

Pershing Says Use of Addresses Gives Foe Valuable Information.

INDENTIFIES UNITS AT FRONT

Creel Contends Mere Issuance of Names Is Not Keeping Pledge to Relatives of Soldiers—Lists Held Up.

Washington, March 11.—The war department has ruled that the military casualty lists to be made public in newspapers shall not include the emergency addresses—the names and addresses of relatives or friends.

The committee on public information, of which George Creel is chairman, has refused to put out the casualty lists through its news channels unless they include the emergency address.

The committee takes the ground that a mere list of names without means of identification is not public information.

Orders from the White House may be necessary to straighten out the matter.

Reports of casualties continue to arrive at the war department and have been offered to the committee on public information in abridged form for dissemination through the regular news channels. They merely give the men's names and ranks.

When Mr. Creel and the chiefs of the news division learned that merely the names were to be given out they decided that the committee would not publish the lists.

The matter was under discussion for two days. Some of these discussions were entirely uncensored. Mr. Creel stood firm for definite information on the casualties, which has virtually been pledged to the people by the president, the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, and Friday night the committee on public information issued the following note to correspondents:

Inquiries of Adjutant General McCain of the army disclosed the fact that, while the department plans to make public promptly the names of all casualties received, nothing will be made public concerning dates, nature of wounds inflicted, or their home addresses in this country.

The information, it was stated, will be withheld on recommendation of General Pershing.

LIBERTY LOAN WORKERS MEET

Several Hundred From Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan Attend Chicago Conference.

Chicago, March 11.—Fifteen million individuals, each one wearing a Liberty loan button signifying that he or she has subscribed to the third bond issue—that's the goal Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Franklin has set for the country's gallant men and women who have answered liberty's third call to arms. And of these 15,000,000 subscribers 3,000,000 in Chicago and the Seventh federal reserve district!

Five states were represented at the first conference of Liberty loan workers at the Hotel La Salle. More than 700 men and women were present. Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin had sent their most active "live wires" to the meeting, and their fighting mood mingled with the Chicago "I Will" spirit.

"We can't win this war by slapping the Hun three times on the wrist," Gov. W. L. Harding told the Iowa conferees. "We must drive cold steel into his breast and we must furnish our boys with that cold steel."

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S FOE DEAD

Commander of German Squadron Off Manila Bay in 1898 Dies at Baden Baden.

Amsterdam, March 12.—Admiral von Diederichs, commander of a German squadron off Manila during the Spanish-American war and who clashed with Admiral Dewey, the commander of the American squadron in the Philippines, is dead at Baden Baden.

The friction between Admiral Dewey and Admiral von Diederichs arose over the German officer's disinclination to observe the rules of the blockade established by the American commander in Manila bay.

11 Die, 46 Hurt in Air Raid.

London, March 11.—Eleven persons were killed and forty-six others were injured in an airplane raid on London on Thursday night, according to the latest police reports, says an official announcement. It is feared that six more bodies are in the ruins of houses.

Anarchist Movement Grows.

Washington, March 11.—American Consul Summers, under date of March 6, reported from Moscow that the anarchist movement there is becoming stronger and that a few people have been wounded in the streets by bombs.

Indorses Prussian Reform.

London, March 11.—The central committee of the national liberal party, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, quoting Berlin dispatches, has declared in favor of equal franchise by a majority of 10 votes.

THE NEW GERMAN MENACE



The map presented herewith shows plainly how the collapse of Russia has brought on anew the menace of pan-Germanism and the conquest of middle and eastern Europe, Asia Minor, India, and even northwestern China.

The line of arrows shows the route which the Germans now claim is open to them. The collapse of Russia has given them the north coast of the Black sea. It puts them into a position either to sweep around the Black sea or to cross it to Batoun (or Batum) and thence to the gates of India.

The route by which Germany first sought the entry into India is shown by the dotted line. This route apparently failed with the British successes in Mesopotamia. The British after their first disaster at Kut-el-Amara returned to their attack, captured Kut and then Bagdad, and their lines now stand firmly across the route north of Bagdad. The Russian lines for a long time stretched south and southeast from the anatolian coast of the Black sea, adding an additional menace, but they since have retired before the Turks.

Meanwhile the British forces which started their operations from Egypt and the Suez have continued their advance across the Holy Land until they now are within striking distance of Aleppo, where a further advance by them would cut the Constantinople Bagdad railroad.

WILL FIGHT TEUTONS

ENTIRE RUSSIAN PEOPLE ARM TO RESIST INVADERS.

Foreign Minister Trotzky Declares Maximalists Will Not Submit to Defeat of Revolution.

Petrograd, March 8.—The official news agency announced that a supreme military council had been formed for defense of the country. The commissioner for military affairs has issued a decree ordering that the entire people be armed.

Commenting upon the signing of the peace treaty, the Izvesta, organ of the workmen's and soldiers' deputies, says the purpose of the Lenine government in agreeing to the German terms was to give a respite to the socialist revolution so as to enable it to reassemble its forces for the supreme struggle against imperialism and to assist the proletariat of other European countries to revolt against its oppressors.

The Pravda comments in a similar vein.

The bolshevik leaders are prepared to withdraw even as far as to the Ural mountains rather than submit to the defeat of the revolution, said Leon Trotzky, bolshevik foreign minister, in an interview with a correspondent.

M. Trotzky said that if the bolsheviki could go back to the state of affairs which existed last October just before they overthrew the Kerensky government they would repeat the whole program which has been put through since that time.

"In October we did not exclude the possibility of a holy war," he declared. "Now we consider such a war possible. The workmen's and soldiers' delegates must now fight for organization and order."

Moscow is to be declared the new capital of Russia, and the government proposes to publish a statement to this effect immediately. Petrograd will be proclaimed a free port.

U. S. ATTORNEY SUSPENDED

John E. Dougherty and Deputy Marshal of Rock Island Found Too Lenient With Vice.

Washington, March 9.—Assistant United States Attorney John E. Dougherty and Deputy United States Marshal Williams of Rock Island, Ill., have been suspended for 30 days for lack of sympathy with the policy of the department of justice regarding the sale of liquor and enforcement of the law in vice zones adjacent to army camps.

"This action has been taken," the attorney general declared, "because of a lack of sympathy of these two officials and the unsettled policy of the department of justice to enforce the law strictly with reference to liquor and dry zones created by the president, adjacent to the army camps."

Ex-Senator Weds Farm Manager.

Mobile, Ala., March 12.—Ex-Senator Jonathan L. Bourne of Oregon was married here to Mrs. Karol B. Spery of this city. Mrs. Spery, a former resident of Portland, has been in charge of Senator Bourne's plantation.

To Seize British Deserters.

New York, March 12.—An agreement between British and Canadian agents and the federal authorities to apprehend deserters from the British and Canadian military forces and to punish "undesirables" was announced here.

YANKEES OUTWIT HUNS

DASH ACROSS "NO MAN'S LAND" AS ENEMY LOOKS ON.

American Colonel Captures German Lieutenant While on Raid With the French.

With the American Army in France, March 9.—An American patrol comprising one officer and eight men which had been missing since Wednesday night in the sector northwest of Toul, suddenly emerged from a shell hole close to the German lines Thursday and made a dash across No Man's Land without a shot being fired at them.

It was noon when the patrol carried out its rush to the American line. The men's comrades, looking on, expected every second to see them wiped out, and their safe return was an agreeable surprise. They explained that they had lost their way in the dark.

An American staff colonel, while with a French raiding party for the purpose of securing information a few days before his men took up their positions in the new American sector on the Lorraine front, met a Prussian lieutenant in an enemy trench and captured him. The colonel, with an American captain, brought the Prussian officer back to the lines the Americans are now occupying.

JAMBURG SEIZED BY TEUTONS

Continue Drive on Petrograd Despite Announcement That Hostilities Against Russia Have Ceased.

London, March 9.—The Germans have captured Jamburg, east of Narva, while the Turco-German offensive is continuing beyond Trebizond, says a Russian official agency dispatch received here. This action, adds the statement, is despite the official announcement by the German high command that hostilities against Russia have ceased.

A dispatch sent by Reuter's Petrograd correspondent says the Germans have evacuated Narva, establishing themselves 12 miles west of that town.

Petrograd, March 9.—Ensign Krylenko, commander in chief of the bolshevik armies, has resigned on account of the differences with the emissaries regarding political and military questions, the Nova Yajuza declares.

PASS BILL TO AID INDUSTRY

Administration Measure to Create War Finance Corporation Now Goes to the House.

Washington, March 9.—The administration bill to create a war finance corporation with a fund of $4,500,000,000 to aid war industry, was passed by the senate on Thursday and now goes to the house.

Russ Transports Are Sunk.

London, March 12.—Two Russian transports were attacked and sunk by German destroyers after a fight south of the Aland Islands, according to a Copenhaged dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

Deporter of Men Made Captain.

El Paso, Tex., March 11.—Harry Wheeler, sheriff of Cochise county, Ariz., who directed the deportations of 1,200 men from Bisbee, Ariz., has received a commission as captain of cavalry.

BAKER IN F... TO VISIT...

Safe Arrival of the S... War Is Announc... Washington.

TO TOUR AMERICAN FRONT

Will Remain Abroad Long Enough to Make Thorough Inspection of Pershing's Forces—Visit Is Military, Not Diplomatic.

Washington, March 12.—Secretary of War Baker has arrived in France. Announcement of the safe landing was made on Sunday night by the war department.

The secretary will go to General Pershing's headquarters and will make a tour of the American front.

The purpose of his visit was explained in a brief statement issued by the war department as follows:

"A cable dispatch from Paris announces the arrival at a French port of the secretary of war.

"For some time Secretary Baker has desired to visit the headquarters of the American expeditionary forces.

"Sailed from an American port about February 27.

"Secretary Baker has not determined the length of time he will remain in France but his stay will be long enough to enable him to make a thorough inspection of the American forces abroad and to hold important conferences with American military officers.

"It is expected that not only will Secretary Baker visit the American headquarters but his inspection tour will cover construction projects including docks, railroads and ordnance bases, now way back of the American lines.

"The secretary's visit is military and not diplomatic.

"It is essentially for the purpose of inspection and personal conference with military officials.

"The secretary of war is accompanied by Maj. Gen. W. N. Black, Lieut. Col. M. L. Brett and Ralph Hayes, private secretary to Mr. Baker."

39 KILLED IN PARIS RAID

Ten or Twelve German Squadrons Participated in Attack—One Machine Destroyed.

Paris, March 12.—Ten or twelve squadrons of bombing airplanes participated in the German raid on Paris, in which nine persons were killed and thirty-nine wounded, according to official information. One of the raiding machines was destroyed. An official statement says an airplane of the Gotha type was found in the forest of Compiegne, where it had fallen while returning from the raid on the capital. The machine had been demolished and its crew of four burned to death. Sixty-one defensive airplanes from the intrenched camps of Paris took the air. Many enemy machines were repulsed by the aerial defense and did not succeed in reaching Paris. The American Red Cross mobilized 105 men at the first warning and ten cars sped off to points where bombs had fallen. A number of army ambulances from Neuilly also were out and Y. M. C. A. workers aided in the rescue work.

GEORGE VON L. MEYER DEAD

Former Secretary of Navy and Ambassador to Italy and Russia Succumbs at Boston.

Boston, March 12.—George Von L. Meyer, former cabinet member and diplomat, died at his home here on Saturday after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Meyer was suffering from a tumor of the liver. Mr. Meyer was appointed ambassador to Italy by President McKinley. He was ambassador to St. Petersburg during the days of the Russian-Japanese peace council at Portsmouth, and it was he who did much to settle the indemnity problem which threatened to upset the negotiations. He was postmaster general under Roosevelt and for four years was secretary of the navy under Taft. He was born in Boston June 24, 1858.

TWELVE KILLED IN THEATER

Walls Fall on Building at Winchester, Ky.—Ten Children Among the Dead.

Winchester, Ky., March 12.—Twelve persons were killed, ten of whom were children, and twenty-three persons so severely injured, it was found necessary to remove them to the Clark County hospital here when the walls of a burned building adjoining a moving picture theater collapsed, crushing in its roof. Thirty other persons were slightly injured.

Safe Conduct for Luxburg.

Buenos Aires, March 12.—The British government has issued a safe conduct for Count von Luxburg, the former German ambassador to Argentina, to sail for Sweden. He will leave shortly on the steamer Valparaiso.

76 Escape Wrecked Ship.

Juneau, Alaska, March 12.—The steamship Admiral Evans of the Pacific Steamship company was wrecked near Rock Hawk inlet. All the 76 persons aboard her are reported safe on the steamer Sophia.



LEYS

—is the great war-time sweetmeat.

—the benefit, the pleasure, the economy of a 5c package of WRIGLEY'S

—has made it the favorite "sweet ration" of the Allied armies.

—send it to your friend at the front:

—It's the handiest, longest-lasting refreshment he can carry.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

WRAPPED IN UNITED COUPONS

The Flavor Lasts

821



THREE KINDS

Win the War by Preparing the Land

Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 Is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, $50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: **U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**



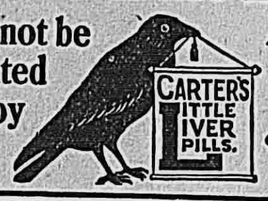
Spring Run of Distemper

MAY BE WHOLLY AVOIDED BY USING "SPOHNS" A small outlay of money brings very great results. It is a sure cure and a preventive if you use it as per directions. Simple, safe and sure. The $1 size is twice the quantity and an ounce more than the 50c size. Get your horses in best condition for late spring and summer. All druggists, harness dealers or manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy



A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

Genuine bears signature

Brent Good

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

The Betsy Ross Yarn Company

Manufacturers of Knitting Yarns

354 Fourth Avenue, New York City

SELL THEIR PRODUCT DIRECT TO CONSUMER

65c per full 4 oz. hank

$2.50 per lb. in 5 lbs. lot (62½c per 4 oz. hank)

$2.30 per lb. in 10 lbs. lot (57½c per 4 oz hank)

Mail orders accompanied by money order receive prompt attention if addressed to Dept. C.

For Coughs and H

Use NOTHING but a DEPENDABLE effective medicine—one guaranteed and RELIEVE PROMPTLY, or money back.

SCHIFFMANN'S

EXPECTORANT

(Makes 64 Teaspoonsful)

Is guaranteed one of the most effective, soothing and best remedies for promptly relieving Hacking, Dry, Painful Coughs, Chest Colds, Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Croup, or loosening Phlegm. It heals the irritated throat membranes almost instantly, and the lasting relief it affords will be surprising and gratifying. Contains no opiates. Sign and give

THIS FREE 15 CENT COUPON

to ANY DRUGGIST who will accept it for 15 cents in purchasing a regular 50 cent size bottle, and if it is NOT EXACTLY as REPRESENTED, go back and get your MONEY REFUNDED.

Name _____



HEAVES IN HORSES CAN BE RELIEVED

Don't work your horses while they are suffering with Heaves. Relieve them with DR. DAVID ROBERTS' Horse Tonic, Physic Ball and HEAVE POWDER—Price 50c Each. A treatment that will enable your horses to do more work with less discomfort. Read the PRACTICAL HOME VETERINARIAN. Send for free booklet on Abortion in Cows. If no dealer in your town, write

Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukesha, Wis.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 11--1918.

Evening Things Up.

"My father has an income," said Bertha proudly.

Loretta looked at her in a puzzled way for a minute, and then declared, "My father's got a boil."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Most of the so-called necessary evils are unnecessary.

WAS DISCOURAGED

Lost 65 Pounds in Weight and Had to Give Up Work. Has Been Well Since Using Doan's.

"Being exposed to extreme heat when working as an engineer, and then going outdoors to cool off, caused my kidney trouble," says Karl Goering, 8513 N. Orkney St., Philadelphia, Pa. "In cold weather and when it was damp, my joints and muscles would swell and ache and often my limbs were so badly affected it was only with great misery I was able to get around. For a week I was laid up in bed, hardly able to move hand or foot.



Mr. Goering

"Another trouble was from irregular and scanty passages of the kidney secretions. I became dull and weak and had to give up my work. Headaches and dizzy spells nearly blinded me and I went from 265 to 200 in weight. Nothing helped me and I felt I was doomed to suffer.

"At last I had the good fortune to hear of *Doan's Kidney Pills* and began taking them. I soon got back my strength and weight and all the rheumatic pains and other kidney troubles left. I have remained cured." *Sworn to before me.*
WM. H. M'MUNN, *Notary Public.*

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY



TRADE MARK

Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething disorders and Stomach Troubles. *Used by Mothers for 31 years.* Sold by Druggists everywhere 25 cts. Trial package FREE. Address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

Don't accept any Substitute.

A Good Investment

Do you want to make a good investment that will pay big dividends? This is one of the best propositions ever offered to the public. Industry now ranks fourth largest in the world and paying immense dividends. This is a bonafide business proposition in every respect and it does not cost you anything to investigate. Write for prospectus

Address DIAMOND FILM COMPANY, Inc., New Orleans, La.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Clear Pimples With Cuticura And Be Happy

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Help wanted by many women

IF a woman suffers from such ailments as Backache, Headache, Lassitude and Nervousness—the symptoms indicate the need for Piso's Tablets, a valuable healing remedy with antiseptic, astringent and tonic properties. A local application simple but effective—response comes quickly causing refreshing relief with invigorating effects. Backed by the name Piso established over 50 years, satisfaction is guaranteed.

PISO'S TABLETS Sold Everywhere 50 Cents

Sample Mailed Free—address postcard
THE PISO COMPANY
400 Piso Bldg. Warren, Pa.



FEDERAL PALACE AT BERNE WHERE BELLIGERENTS MAY MEET

Switzerland Likely to Stage Conference That Will End War

NOT long before the present war was begun the kaiser attended a shooting festival in Switzerland during the grand meneuvers in that country. He was naturally attended by a Swiss general, to whom he plied his questions.

"How many men could your country put in the field in a week?" inquired the German emperor.

"About five hundred thousand," answered his guide, slightly exaggerating the real number.

"What if I should come against you with a million men?"

"In that case, your majesty," suavely replied the Swiss general, "we should have to shoot twice."

This anecdote may or may not be authentic, but it serves to show the true military quality of the Swiss army, which for its size and cost is one of the finest bodies of marksmen in the world.

From the days of the mythical William Tell and the apple the Swiss have made shooting a national sport. Probably no army in the world can show so high an attainment for sharpshooting as the Swiss, and during the last three years the knowledge of this quality no doubt has not been entirely without effect in the preservation of the Swiss neutrality.

Surrounded by belligerents since the war was begun in 1914, Switzerland has been able to maintain its neutrality, and this despite the fact that within her borders are opinions that sharply favor one or the other of the countries at war.

While the cantons which border the German empire are, so far as the issues of the war go, profoundly pro-German, and while the inhabitants of the majority of the cantons speak nothing but German, this favor does not extend further than the borders of the country. Switzerland as a country is a neutral state, and has refused to enter the war on either side.

Self-preservation plays a great part in this view, no doubt, for were the country to align itself with the central powers it would soon be overrun from the south and west by the troops of the allies, only too eager to find a more direct route into the center of Germany. On the other hand, any attempt to ally itself with the entente powers would result in having German troops pour over the eastern borders in such numbers that the little country could not expect to escape suffering. The part assigned her in the great war has been recognized by all the belligerents as that of the Good Samaritan. And there the little country stands in the midst of war's alarms, serenely on guard, but otherwise playing the part of the neutral and the friend of all.

One of these days there will be a peace conference, and as almost every civilized nation is now engaged in the war on one side or the other, indications point to Switzerland as being the logical country for a round table talk of the powers, and, furthermore, the capital of Switzerland, Berne, undoubtedly is the place where such conference will be held.

Berne is one of the most fascinating cities in Europe. Its foundation dates back to Berthold von Zahringen, who in the year 1201 erected there a stronghold. Since the early days of the fatal month of August, 1914, and especially again in the last few months, it has been frequently referred to as "The City of Diplomats," for there are now more diplomats, special envoys, peace apostles (and also spies are plentiful) in Berne than there ever was in any other city in the world. Berne has come to be considerd as the most probable place for the conference which will follow the war.

The keen recognition that the country lay in the midst of nations that never have lived in neighborly love made Switzerland for centuries a military country, although the conscription law now in force does not date back beyond the revolution of 1848. Even in its military relations the country is truly democratic, because it has no standing army, for no canton may have more than 300 armed men permanently; yet it has a militia system, by which every man between the ages of eighteen and fifty-two years is in one or another of the classes likely to be called to the colors, and the mere training begins when the boys attend school, for from the early age of seven the Swiss boy is taught to hold a rifle and to shoot it, too.

The value of the training and the system which has been in force in Switzerland since the last military upheaval in Europe in 1848 was strongly shown when war began in August, 1914. It was Switzerland which first mobilized her troops. She had large bodies of men on her frontiers even before France had mobilized completely and even before the German mobilization, with all its perfection of efficiency, was accomplished.

For the next six months the forces on her frontiers were constantly strengthened until there are now perhaps 400,000 men of all arms defending Switzerland's democracy.

Even more than in Germany is the army a part of the daily life of the Swiss.

With this spirit of militarism a part of the daily national life there is nothing of militarism in the attitude of the people, because all the preparation and system of training is purely for defense and not for aggression. At the same time it is believed that the training given boys and men is of the greatest service in raising the standard of the Swiss manhood and in improving the health of the whole population.

Nothing is wasted in this land of thrift, and the old remark of the humorist that nothing escapes the Chicago pork packer but the squeal could not be truthfully said of the Swiss efforts toward efficiency. It is doubtful if even the squeal would be wasted.

The Nobel Peace Prize for 1917 has been awarded to the International Red Cross committee in Geneva. This committee has, since the outbreak of the war, thanks to the Swiss and untiring efforts of its president, Gustave Ador, lately elected federal counselor and chief of the political department of the Swiss Confederation, achieved such a remarkable and enviable success that Switzerland today is generally referred to, as Mr. Stovall, the United States ambassador to Switzerland, himself said, as the "Good Samaritan."

The most remarkable of all the various humanitarian undertakings in the world war, organized by this committee, is the agency for prisoners of war at Geneva. The huge amount of work performed by this institution and other benevolent organizations in Switzerland is reflected by the latest report given out by the Swiss postal authorities. This shows that since the beginning of the war until the end of October, 1917, 334,772,081 letters and postcards and 62,210,645 small parcels have been taken over and reforwarded to the prisoners of war of both belligerent groups held in the various countries.

Pity for Unmarried

When we consider the ordinary lives of unmarried men, we must give them our pity, for they have deprived themselves of anxiety, says W. L. George, in Harper's Magazine. Nearly all earn as much as they need, and nearly all, in their isolation and purposelessness, learn to need all that they earn.

Their work done, their pockets full enough, there is no mortgage on their time, no compulsion as to their residence, no demand that they should interest themselves in the occupations or ideas of wife, or child or friend—in anything, indeed, except themselves, a limited field for one's interest, for soon one can know one's self too well, and intimacy may breed contempt.

Marriage releases you from the unreal by giving you many real things to think about, by satisfying your need for association with the solid earth. That need satisfied, your spirit is free to wander in the unreal, in abstract thought, in artistic desire, instead of being bound by the continual aspiration of the unmarried to the real things they do not possess.

Latest in Artificial Eyes.

To make an artificial eye practically indistinguishable is the aim of a British army surgeon who is experimenting with a ball made of cartilage as a substitute for a metal or glass one. A sphere of such construction when put in place establishes connections with blood vessels and the surrounding tissues. When thus fixed in the cavity it is supposed to be capable of movement corresponding to that of a normal eye and furthermore fills the space so that there is no depression, as is invariably the case where a shell is used. Although time must yet prove the practicability of the scheme, there is reason to expect that the war has brought forth another triumph in plastic surgery.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Get Your Full Share.

Are you getting your full share of good out of the things around you? A sunset will make an artist happy, and a poet will draw from a common wayside flower "thoughts that lie too deep for tears." Do not be one of the people who having eyes see not, and having ears hear not. Remember that all things have good in them, and that a share of it is yours.—Girl's Companion.

Why, the Brute!

"Oh, have you lost your dog?" exclaimed the visitor sympathetically. "Why, I didn't see anything about it in the 'lost' column."

"No," replied Mrs. Leonidas W. Van Quentin. "My husband put it among the cards of thanks."—Kansas City Star.

Big Hat, Bigger Bill.

"My new hat is pretty big."

"I thought so, too, but when I got the bill for it it made your hat look like the head of a pin."

CONDENSATIONS

In Denver it is estimated that there are 10,000 women who speculate in oil, and probably 500 who keep a close daily watch on the markets.

Two crops of rice, known as the spring and winter crops, are raised annually in the Foochow district.

A Pittsfield (Mass.) druggist refused to sell a woman cough drops on Monday because he didn't know whether they were considered drugs or candy and he did not wish to violate the law.

Austria's production of raw sugar during the 1917 campaign amounted to 530,000 metric tons, or about 200,000 tons less than in 1916. Hungary's output is placed at 130,000 tons, as against 200,000 tons in 1916. Prices are higher in Hungary than in Austria.

In Auburn, N. Y., an altar of ice was used at an outdoor service of the Church of SS. Peter and Paul, which was held for the purpose of demonstrating that fuel is unessential in connection with worship. The service also included baptismal rites.

GREAT FOR ECZEMA AND OLD SORES

I Guarantee My Ointment, Says Peterson. Stops Itching Instantly.

"If you are responsible for the health of your family," says Peterson. "I want you to get a large 30 cent box of Peterson's Ointment today.

"Remember, I stand back of every box. Every druggist guarantees to refund the purchase price if Peterson's Ointment doesn't do all I claim.

"I guarantee it for eczema, old sores, running sores, salt rheum, ulcers, sore nipples, broken breasts, itching skin, pimples, blackheads, skin diseases, blind, bleeding and itching piles as well as for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sunburn."

"I had 30 running sores on my leg for 11 years, was in three different hospitals. Amputation was advised. Skin grafting was tried. I was cured by using Peterson's Ointment."—Mrs. F. E. Root, 287 Michigan St., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

Their Idea.

"I see the hens have refused to lay, although Hoover has spared them till March."

"Yes, but a mere resplite was no way to egg them on."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Not Worth the Price.

"Will you lend me twenty-five dollars?"

"No. I don't care to get rid of your friendship that badly."—Detroit Free Press.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Retired Farmers.

There are said to be in this country 700,000 retired farmers who are not now engaged in gainful occupations.

Pure blood is essential to Good Health, Garfield Tea dispells impurities, cleanses the system and eradicates disease. Adv.

Shop Talk.

"Kate is a bundle of nerves."

"I thought she looked done up."—Boston Transcript.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

A fellow isn't to be blamed for his start in life. It is his finish that he is responsible for.

About the hardest blow that most of us get is a light touch from our friends.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

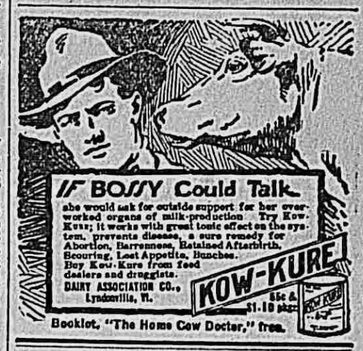


Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.

"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.



Booklet, "The Home Cow Doctor," free.

Just It.

"Her part fitted that little child actress like a glove."

"So to speak, like a kid glove?"

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Qualified.

"I thought Edith could skate."

"She ought to be able to. She has a diploma from a correspondence school."

Barcelona province, Spain, has an area of 2,966 square miles and 1,136,068 pepole.

Kill That Cold and Save Health

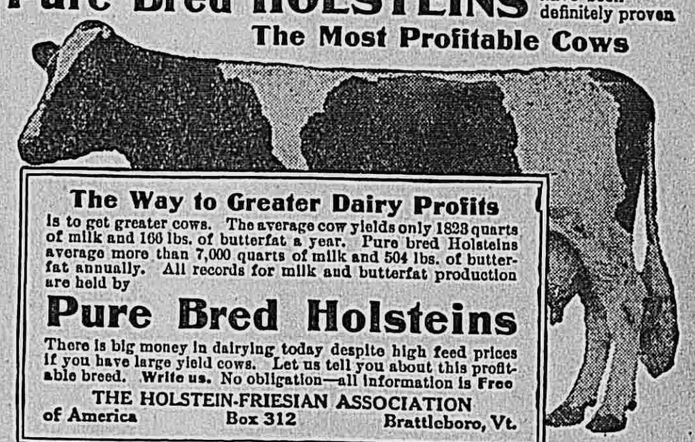
HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c.

At Any Drug Store

Pure Bred HOLSTEINS have been definitely proven

The Most Profitable Cows



The Way to Greater Dairy Profits

Is to get greater cows. The average cow yields only 1828 quarts of milk and 166 lbs. of butterfat a year. Pure bred Holsteins average more than 7,000 quarts of milk and 504 lbs. of butterfat annually. All records for milk and butterfat production are held by

Pure Bred Holsteins

There is big money in dairying today despite high feed prices if you have large yield cows. Let us tell you about this profitable breed. Write us. No obligation—all information is Free

THE HOLSTEIN-FRIESIAN ASSOCIATION of America Box 312 Brattleboro, Vt.



coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of **Western Canada.** Where you can **buy good farm land at $15 to $30 per acre** and raise from **20 to 45 bushels of $2 wheat to the acre** it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

160 Acre Homesteads Free to Settlers

and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are yearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of **Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming** is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

C. J. Broughton, Room 412, 112 W. Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.; M. V. MacInnes, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agents

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TELEPHONE 149-J



"OUR FLAG"

Radiation



A Case of Getting Action

Here is an incident of "getting action."

In February Mrs. Lillian C. Wheaton, a former Illinoisan now resident in SanFrancisco, wrote to the Illinois State Council of Defense that Chicago and other Illinois boys in training at the Presidio there were not faring well. She said they were without sweaters, and other cold weather clothing, and that as they were encamped right at the bay, they suffered much on chilly mornings, despite the celebrated California climate.

Chairman Insull of the State Council took the question up at once with Bruce D. Smith, manager of the Central Division of the American Red Cross. It is a long way to San Francisco, so Mr. Smith did not waste time by sending a letter, but wired the Red Cross officials there to investigate and relieve the conditions of which Mrs. Wheaton complained.

This week Chairman Insull had another letter from Mrs. Wheaton. She said that in a very short time after she had sent her first letter, every Illinois man was hunted up by the chaplain at the Presidio, and that sweaters and other things necessary to keep them warm were issued immediately. And she added that when she meets them on the streets these days they are all smiling happy and comfortable.

Why Not Try a Crop of Beans

Navy beans, not hitherto considered an Illinois crop, may be grown successfully in this state and fit well into farming conditions in any localities. It would be a safe venture and a good war undertaking for many farmers to put in a small acreage of navy beans this year.

Trials in several places in central and southern Illinois last year brought out the fact that early navy beans do well on some of the poorest soils of that section. A yield of six to ten bushels per acre may be expected. Soil preparation is the same as for corn. Planting is best delayed until after the corn is planted. Seed is drilled in rows—about half a bushel per acre, put in with a corn planter. Harvesting may be done by hand or with a bean harvester sled. Keeping the beans dry and free from mold is most important. They may be threshed with the flail or with an ordinary grain separator geared down to slow speed.

Billions Visualized

In order that the people may have an adequate understanding of the enormous cost of the war Representative Frederick C. Hicks of New York undertakes to give the figures in terms readily comprehended. Up to April 1, 1917, the war had cost both sides $98,500,000,000. That sum would build 257 Panama Canals, or 6,533 National Capitols, or, if distributed, would give $66 to every person on the face of the earth. If that number of $1 bills were placed end to end they would encircle the earth 464 times, or reach to the moon 48 times. But the fact that will impress the average person with the greatest horror is Mr. Hicks' calculation that 220,000,000 Ford automobiles could have been built with the money that has been spent for the war.

Concerning Spring Blo[uses]



The finest spring blouses look simple enough, but examination shows them to be smart, because there is considerable hand-sewing on them—the more the smarter, and also the more expensive. Their main point of interest, so far as novelty is concerned, lies in the collars, or in the management of occasional collarless neck openings. White French voile, fine white batiste, with organdie collars, cuffs or frills, and georgette continue the means to the end of utmost elegance and daintiness in blouses.

Collars and cuffs, or frills of organdie are added to blouses of fine voile to give them crispness. Occasionally light colors in collars of organdie are used on white blouses; a Saxe blue appears to be the favorite choice of designers, and it is generally becoming to either blonde or brunette. Fine, hand-run tucks, narrow filet edgings and hand-drawn work are the hallmarks of elegance in washable blouses. It is comforting to know that they are the things which women can do for themselves, since they are the main item of expense in ready-made waists.

A collarless blouse of georgette is shown in the picture, with the round neck finished with a soft fold of the material. It is plaited in at the shoulder seams and has long sleeves finished with a turned-back fold. Embroidery in two colors on the front and along the back of the sleeve redeems it from being entirely plain. The embroidery silk chosen in the color of the blouse and in a darker contrasting color is characteristic of the season.

Julia Bottomley

Satin Hats.

Satin hats have appeared here and there. A soothsayer might almost venture the remark that they will be extremely good for spring wear. And these satin hats are simply and only satin hats. They have satin trimming, if there is any trimming at all. They are all one color. Lines, lines, lines—that is the tune of their lay.

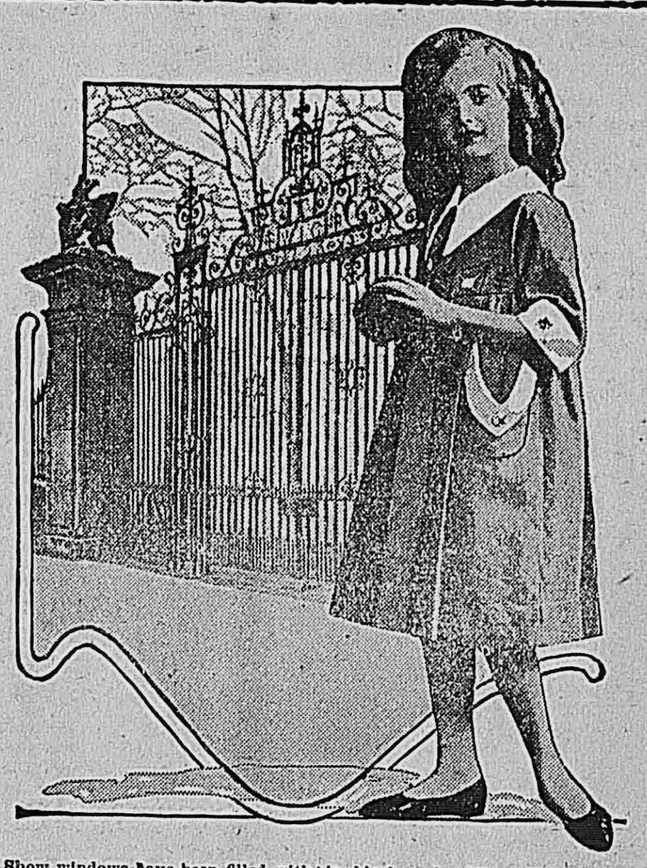
Straw Trims a Frock.

A frock of white baronette satin and chiffon has the trimming of black tagal straw, used as long black stripes. The bodice is bloused and the satin skirt straight, with this trimming.

Lingerie Sets.

Sets of lingerie made of flesh-colored silk crepe or jersey silk in strict tailored fashion are much in vogue.

Cotton Clothes for Little Folks



Show windows have been filled with cotton clothes for little girls that are about as refreshing and pleasing to look at as a spring garden. They start out with the advantage of lovely colors and carry on with the simple lines that belong to little girlhood. The dresses are beautifully designed and the designs carried out with appropriate and exquisite finishing touches, in accessories and in purely decorative details.

There are wonderfully fine tones of yellow, which appear to be favorites, and the usual good assortment of blues, light green, rose and buff.

Designers like to use white with all these colors in collars, cuffs, pockets and in yokes and set-in pieces. Dotted swiss, set in in short panels, and white pipings are among the new developments in decorations. When yellow, rose and pink are used with white, needle-work in simple stitches and figures, and French knots are done in black and white. With blue and green dresses touched with white in narrow cluny edgings or pipings, gayer colors are used, like rose and green, in prim little flower forms. Dutch blue and the copenhagen and delft shades look well with narrow edgings of cluny lace and embellishment of pearl buttons.

A dress made in a yellow shade somewhat deeper than maize is shown in the picture. It is of plain gingham, and no one can hope to improve upon its style for a little miss anywhere from four or five to eleven years old. The skirt is set on to the yoke with four plaits at the back and front, the collar, cuffs and pocket all of white kindergarten cloth, or other substantial weaves and the embroidery is in white and black cotton.

Julia Bottomley

[A]ntioch Township:

[f]or the purpose of getting the best [e]xperienced men possible to do this kind of work. Why support an inexperienced man and then be sorry next year again? No voter of any business ability, should vote a man into office, for so important a job as Highway Commissioner, just because he thinks the fellow needs the money. If the man can not and has not produced the roads for the money expended, he should be on the charity list instead of on the job for the money.

The road taxes are high here, for the simple reason that you are not getting the dollar's worth of work back on the road for your dollar spent. Every year some man has been elected for Highway Commissioner, just because he was called a good fellow, but when it came to spending your good, hard earned money for road taxes, he could not produce the work, dollar for dollar, and your taxes go up to pay for the good fellow's inexperience.

When I was Highway Commissioner, I produced more work on the road, for the money expended than any man before me, or since that time. Any business man of Antioch will vouch for this fact.

The man to get you out of this mire, is the man that needs good roads, and is ready for good roads. Concluding, I ask for your upright and most honest support for the office of Highway Commissioner.

Yours most sincerely, and for good roads,

NED B. BATES.

[y]ou [o]f telling you should know [S]aturday, for The law re- [o]n the high- [s]hall be ap- [S]uperintendent [j]ob is paid for.

The Highway Commissioners of Antioch Township for the year 1917, had between four and five thousand dollars to use on the Highways and the County Superintendent of Highways was not notified to approve for any of the money expended by the Commissioners as the law requires.

The county has three road working outfits, consisting of tractor, grader, heavy road roller, scarifier, plows and other small tools that actually cost thirty dollars a day to keep them up and working. Antioch Township being the worst in the county for bad roads, was offered one of these outfits for fifteen dollars a day, to use on any job they might choose, and the commissioners refused the offer, saying they had an engine of their own. You never will get out of the mire, with these men handling your good hard earned dollars, and refusing the aid of the road working outfits.

The other townships used these outfits as much as possible, the records show this, the records are on file in the County Superintendent's office. The United States government, all the states and counties have organized and are organizing Good Roads Associations

To the Voters of the Town of Antioch:

A few facts for your consideration, and in explanation of reports being circulated, reflecting upon our work as your Highway Commissioners:

The law requires all work of $200.00 or more be submitted for bids. Each year we have advertised for bids in the Antioch News for hauling of gravel for all roads which have or was to be graveled under the bond issue for said reads. One year we advertised twice (meaning three issues each year), not receiving any bids, we took the matter up with Mr. Russell and he told us that as we could not get bids, then we would have to have the work done by other means, which we did, to the best of our ability. The books are open for any one to look over, and we invite your investigation of same. Don't take hearsay.

We have used the County Outfit for grading each year since the county has had one, for the required time that we could get it, viz: Six days. Last year we asked for one in June, but was not able to secure it until October, when it was used on the road between the Johnson school and Pikeville. The whole road between the village line and Pikeville was graded with a County Outfit in the past two years. No OTHER ENGINE HAS BEEN USED IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS in grading on any of the roads of Antioch, except two and three-quarter days, when a private engine was used on the Channel Lake road.

The report of the Highway Commissioners is published each year. Their accounts are audited by the Board of Auditors of Antioch. The books are open for your inspection. Supervisor Chase Webb in the Treasurer. All moneys received and paid out is done by him on orders from the Commissioners of Highways. If there is any "boodle," then some one to whom orders have been issued must be in it. "Can you name a man in this town who can say an order has been issued to him for work which he has not done?"

We, each of us, have been re-elected to office each time we have run by a comfortable majority (which can not be said of some other fellows), and if renominated and elected will give Antioch the best that is in either of us.

We were born in Lake county and have lived here all our lives, and your interests are our interests. We are boosters, not knockers.

Yours for Good Roads,

W. A. STORY,
FRANK DUNN,
B. A. TRIEGER.

The Sardine.

The fresh sardine is a beautiful little fish. The scales on its back are an iridescent blue-green, the exact tint which the sea so often takes, while beneath the scales there shows up the most wonderful peacock-blue. There are bars on its back and sides when it first comes out of the water, like those of the mackerel, but they seem to fade and disappear the moment it is exposed to the air. The rest of its body is silver.

Human Peculiarity.

It is interesting to read in the Journal of Heredity: "The remarkable grasping power of a new-born infant is cited as the survival of a trait that possessed life-and-death importance in the treetops. Finally with reference to the much-talked-about upright position the author remarks succinctly that 'the human child sits up before it stands; the human stock sat up before it stood.'"

Volcano Hottest on Surface.

It appears that a volcano is hottest on its surface. This is the conclusion drawn by a scientist who has made investigations in Hawaii and has obtained samples of gases and lava before they reached the air. Laboratory studies of these samples make it appear that much of the heat required to keep an open lava basin in fluid condition is supplied by the chemical action of the gases.

Catching Game Fish.

The taking of huge game fish with rod and line has lately become one of the most exciting and fascinating sports in the world. One of the gamiest fishes, beating even the salmon of Scotch rivers, is the tuna. It commonly runs to 200 pounds, and the first thing it does when hooked is to rush away at terrific speed. A hooked tuna has been known to tow a boat for 14 hours and ultimately escape.

Cheap Skates.

Gigantic sale of 15c men's collars.—Adv. in New York Evening Mail.

Danger in Using Drugs.

Any drug that sufficiently masters the organism to produce sleep is a dangerous remedy, unless prescribed by one's family doctor. It should not be used in any other way. By promiscuous drugging to secure sleep many well-nigh incurable cases of insomnia have been established. However, in cases attended by much nervousness, the bromides may safely be used, in doses of 15 grains at bedtime.—Exchange.

World's Greatest Maelstrom.

The greatest whirlpool in the world is the maelstrom off the coast of Norway. It is an eddy between the mainland and an island, and when the current is in one direction and the wind is in another, no ship can withstand the fury of the waves. Whales and sharks have been cast ashore and killed. The current is estimated to run 30 miles an hour.

Annatto Production.

The shrubbery tree that yields annatto is now extensively cultivated in tropical America. The ripe capsules are gathered by women and children, the seeds extracted and boiled and the liquid, after straining out the seeds, allowed to ferment. The dye settles to the bottom and is evaporated in pans to the consistency of putty. Wrapped in banana leaves, it is the annatto of commerce.

Seems to Uphold Darwin's Theory.

A baby's feet shows the unmistakable descent of man from a primitive creature living in trees. Its feet are turned inward, the holes being pressed together in a state of rest exactly as tree-dwelling anthropoids place them when resting. The new-born infant has legs shorter in proportion to its body length than has an adult man, exactly as the monkey has legs shorter than man.

Her Ideal.

We heard a young woman say yesterday that her ideal man is one who is smart enough to make money and foolish enough to spend it.—Boston Transcript.

Local H

Mrs. E. Weis has left for Mt. Clemens.

Miss Jennie Willett is confined to her home by illness.

Frank Smith has returned to Nebraska for a visit with his daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hillebrand entertained the "500" club Tuesday evening.

Mrs. George Yopp of Burlington is spending this week with Antioch relatives and friends.

Mrs. Bert Roberts has returned to her home at Lake Marie after spending the winter in Chicago.

Fred Cribb and family have moved from Loon Lake into one of the Hancock houses in North Antioch.

Mrs. J. H. Wheeler of Forest Park spent the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Garwood at Channel.

H. L. Emerson, consulting engineer, was in Antioch Tuesday on business in connection with the installing of the sewer and septic tank.

The Royal Neighbors will be glad to receive a package from anyone who is interested in the Red Cross and who wishes to help the sale along.

John Woolf, who is stationed at Camp Grant, Rockford, was home over Sunday and he reports that he and others are about to be transferred to South Carolina.

In two interesting volley ball games at the High School gym, Wednesday evening, the Olympian Society boys' and girls' teams were victors over the Athenian Society teams.

John S. Clark, Waukegan food administrator, announces that Saturdays no longer are meatless days, and that there are no meatless meals on any other day than Tuesday, which continues to be meatless.

The next regular meeting of the Antioch Commercial Association will be held on Tuesday evening, March 19. Don't forget the date. Everyone interested is urged to be present.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery society will meet at the home of Mrs. L. B. Grice, Wednesday afternoon, March 20, at 2 o'clock A full attendance is desired. Mrs. Case, Vice President.

With eight candidates each making a determined effort to land the office of Highway Commissioner, two for the office of town clerk, and two for assessor. We predict that next Saturday's primary will be just the reverse of Tuesday's quiet affair.

Ed Blanke who has been conducting a milk route in this village for some time has decided to quit the dairy business. He is going to dispose of his cows by auction on Friday, March 15, and hereafter his customers will be obliged to look elsewhere for their milk supply.

The members of Olson Camp R. N. A. will give a package sale in their hall on Tuesday evening, March 26, for the benefit of the Red Cross. The packages will be sold for ten cents each and will contain an article worth at least that much and perhaps more. Sale opens at eight o'clock. A good program will be given. Everyone invited to come and help the cause along.

The Antioch Commercial Association Band will give a mask ball at the Antioch opera house, on Monday evening, March 18. Music by Morrells' Jazz orchestra. Stang, a costumer from Burlington will be here in the afternoon and evening with a full line of costumes. No one allowed to dance without a mask before eleven o'clock Garage storage. Tickets 75 cents per couple. Supper at Blanke's.

Every member of Olson Camp R. N. A. is requested to furnish two or more packages worth at least ten cents, for the package sale for the benefit of the Red Cross, Tuesday evening, March 26. Packages may be left with Mrs. R. M. Haynes or at the News office any time up to Tuesday noon or they may be delivered at the Woodman hall any time during the afternoon.

Notice

I wish to inform the public that I will be a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner, notwithstanding the report that I have withdrawn, and will be there to the finish.

Harry B. Smith.

Notice

During the month of March we wil sell any impliment now in stock such as seeders, disk harrowers, drags, manure spreaders, plows, mowers, cultivators, etc, at prices that you cannot afford to miss, for prices are advancing right along. Buy early to fill your requirements for the coming season. If you are in need of a heating stove before another winter, buy now for they will cost more next fall and are likely to be hard to get at any price, owing to present conditions. Come in and get our prices and terms. Yours very truly E. L. Wald & Co., Lake Villa, Ill 27w4

Still Stands

Don't fo... Commercial A... The ... band will give a mask ball next M... day evening.

The bids for construction of the sewer purification plant are to be opened this (Thursday) evening.

Mrs. Lois Miller and friend of Chicago spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Garwood.

Mrs. Edith Johnson of Waukegan, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hadlock, this week.

Mrs. Vida Mooney was called to Chicago Wednesday morning by the serious illness of her husband's sister, who is not expected to live.

Some of the candidates for Highway Commissioned are getting into print. Read what they have to say on the fourth page.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Herman, formerly of Dakota but now of Waukasha, Wis., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Herman over Sunday.

The teachers of both the grade and high school are attending teachers' institute today (Thursday) and tomorrow, consequently the pupils are having a two days vacation.

Relatives of John Felter of Walworth, Wis., received word the fore part of the week, that he had suffered quite a severe paraletic stroke. He is however considerable better at the present writing.

I now have my new spring stock of millinery goods which includes all the smart new models, ready for your selection and invite you to call and look them over. Store closed on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. Miss Addie Schaffer.

CLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE—Single buggy and harness, good as new. Dr. Turner.

FOR SALE—Second-hand delivery or milk wagon. Inquire of Chase Webb.

WANTED—A farm of 40 to 60 acres with good buildings. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Alfalfa hay. Inquire of E. J. Flanagan, Lake Villa. Phone 110 J. 27w2

FOR SALE—Timothy hay in barn, or will trade for corn or barley. Walter Selter.

FOR SALE—Wagon, buggy, 1 horse, 2 cows and some furniture. R. Bulthuis, Loon Lade.

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, S. C. White Orpingtons. $1.00 setting. Oliver Cubbons. 29tf

WANTED—A reliable and competent farm hand. Best wages paid. Address "J. B." care of this office.

FOR SALE—Wood by the cord or in stove lengths. Inquire at Cedar Crest farm. Phone 110 m Lake Villa. 26w2

FOR SALE—A boulevard cutter in good condition, cheap. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT—A part of the Grimm house on Lake street. Two rooms down stairs and three upstairs. Barn and garden included. Inquire of Mrs. John Grimm.

FOR SALE—Twelve hundred bushels of seed oats, 15 tons of mixed hay in stack, 100 shocks of corn fodder, one bronz Tom turkey. Inquire of F. G. Edwards, phone 170 m 2. 26w2

MAJESTIC THEATER

Saturday, Mch. 16,
Mary Miles Minter
in
Dulcie's Adventure
Jerry's Big Stunt

Sunday, Mch. 17,
Lou Tillegan
in
The Black Wolf
Ford Weekly

Wednesday, Mch. 20,
Theodore Roberts
in
The American Consul

...NCEMENTS

...or Assessor

...this opportunity to inform my many friends that I will be a candidate for the office of Assessor of the town of Antioch at the coming town meeting. Walter T. Taylor.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of assessor of the town of Antioch at the coming town primaries. Cas. VanPatten

For Highway Commissioner

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner for the town of Antioch, subject to the will of the majority at the coming town caucus.

Wm, Gray.

I wish to inform my friends, that I will be a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner at the coming town meeting, to be held on Saturday, March 16, 1918, and ask your support.

Barney Trieger.

I will be a candidate, at the coming Town meeting, for the office of Highway Commissioner and would ask my friends for their support, and assuring them, that if nominated, I will try to serve every locality to the best of my ability.

Mike M. Burke.

This is to inform my friends that I will be a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner at the coming town primaries and would solicit your support. As I have had many years experience in road building I feel that I am capable of filling this position to the satisfaction of the public.

Wm. Hancock.

Owing to my experience in rood building as Commissioner of Highways, I wish to announce to my friends that I will be a candidate at the coming town primaries for the office of Highway Commissioner, and would ask my friends for their support.

Frank Dnnn,

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Highway Commissioner of the town of Antioch and if elected will devote all of my time to the roads.

Harry B. Smith.

I hereby announce to my friends that I will be a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner at the coming town meeting.

Ned Bates.

For Town Clerk

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Town Clerk of the town of Antioch, subject to the will of the majority of the legal voters.

C. F. Richards.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Town Clerk at the coming town primaries and would ask the support of my friends.

W. A. Story.

For Highway Commissioner

I take this means of informing my friends, that I will be a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner for the town of Lake Villa, and would appreciate their support.

Dan Sheehan.

I wish to inform my friends that I am a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner of the town of Lake Villa, and would appreciate your support. Jas. Kerr.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner for the town of Lake Villa, and solicit your support.

George McCredie.

For Assessor

I wish to announce to my many friends that I will be a candidate for the office of assessor of the town of Lake Villa and solicit their support.

Percy Dibble.

I wish to inform my friends that I will be a candidate for the office of Assessor of the town of Lake Villa, in the coming primaries. Your support will be appreciated. E. A. Wilton.

Immense Wealth From Iron Ores.

The foundation of the wealth of the Biscayan provinces of Spain lies in the large deposits of high-grade iron ores for which the section is famous. These deposits have been immensely profitable, with the result that Bilbao, which is the center of the industry, is reputed to be the wealthiest city of its size in Europe.

Harsh Parallel.

"Remember when we were kids? Remember you liked to play with me better than with anybody else?" The millionaire was not effusive. "We have queer tastes when we're young," he observed. "I remember I used to like to play with toads."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX IN BRIEF

The Requirements Boiled Down for Busy Folks.

Returns must be filed on or before April 1, 1918.

Tax due may be paid now or on or before June 15, 1918.

If you are single and your net income for 1917 was $1,000 or more you must file a return.

If you were married and living with wife (or husband) and had a net income of $2,000 or more for 1917 you must file a return.

Husband's and wife's income must be considered jointly, plus income of minor children.

Income of a minor or incompetent, derived from a separate estate, must be reported by his legal representative.

Severe penalties are provided for those who neglect or evade the law.

For false or fraudulent return there is a penalty not exceeding $2,000 fine or year's imprisonment, or both, plus 100 per cent. of tax.

For failure to make return on or before April 1, 1918, fine is from $20 to $1,000, plus 50 per cent. of tax due.

Returns must be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue of district in which you live.

An agent may file return for a person who is ill, absent from the country or otherwise incapacitated.

Each return must be signed and sworn or affirmed by person executing it.

Single persons are allowed $1,000 exemption in computing normal tax.

A married person living with wife (or husband) is allowed $2,000 exemption, plus $200 for each dependent child under 18.

A head of family, though single, is allowed $2,000 exemption if actually supporting one or more relatives.

Returns must show the entire amount of earnings, gains and profits received during the year.

Officials and employees are not taxable on the salaries or wages received from a state, county, city or town in the United States.

Interest on state and municipal bonds issued within the U. S. is exempt from federal income tax and should be omitted.

Interest on United States government bonds is also exempt, except on individual holdings of Liberty Fours in excess of $5,000 par value.

Dividends are not subject to normal tax, but must be reported and included in net income.

Gifts and legacies are not income and should not be included on the return of the beneficiary.

Life insurance received as a beneficiary or as premiums paid back at maturity or surrender of policy is not income.

Payments received for real or personal property sold is not income, but the profit realized thereon is income for the year of sale.

Amounts received in payment of notes or mortgages is not income, but the interest on such notes or mortgages is taxable income.

From the entire gross income certain allowances are made in arriving at the net income.

Necessary expenses actually paid in the conduct of business, trade or profession may be claimed.

A farmer can claim payments for labor, seed, fertilizer, stock feed, repairs on buildings, except his dwelling; repairs of fences and farm machinery, materials and small tools for immediate use.

The amount of rent paid for a farm may also be claimed as a tenant farmer's expense.

Payments for live stock are allowable if bought for resale. But if bought for breeding purposes cattle are an investment, not an expense, and cannot be allowed.

A storekeeper can claim amounts paid for advertising, clerk hire, telephone, water, light and fuel, also drayage and freight bills and cost of operating and repairing wagons and trucks.

A physician can claim cost of his professional supplies, rent, office help, telephone, expense of team or automobile used in making professional calls and expenses attending medical conventions.

A dentist can claim similar items, except team or auto expense, which are not necessary in his profession.

Expenses that are personal or connected in any way with the support or well being of a person or family are not allowable.

The costs of machines, instruments, vehicles or implements that are more or less permanent in character are not allowable as an expense. They are investments.

Interest paid on a mortgage or other personal indebtedness is allowable on a personal return.

All taxes paid within the year can be taken out on a federal return, except federal income taxes, inheritance taxes and assessments for local improvements.

Losses sustained in business or through fire, storm or shipwreck or by theft, except when compensated by insurance or otherwise.

Wear and tear of rented buildings or machinery used in business may be claimed.

You can also claim the amount paid to the Red Cross and to other charitable, religious or educational organization to the extent of 15 per cent. of your net income.

Changing Color of Flowers.

Many pink flowers may be turned blue by exposing them to the fumes of ammonia for a few minutes, and blue flowers become pink when exposed to acids.

New Version of a Beatitude.

Blessed are the poor, for they shall not keep up appearances. Neither must they read the books that are written about them.—From Atlantic.

Wh...

The theory ... ture largely r... plants can be ... by the condition under ... they grow, after being established in the soil. Therein is shown the skill of the cultivator.

Avoid Neglect of Duty.

A great many things contribute to make life a success, but you can spoil it simply by neglect.

AUCTION SALE

The unnersigned having decided to quit farming, will sell at Public Auction, on the Edwin Wilton farm, situated in the south end of the Village on Antioch, on

FRIDAY, MARCH 22

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, the following property, to-wit:

12 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK

3 Cows, new milkers
3 Cows, close springers
1 Durham bull 18 mos.
2 Bull calves 9 mos.

1 5-year old horse
1 4-year old horse
1 3-year old horse

1 16-in. Racine-Sattley sulkey plow
1 14-in. walking plow
1 Osborne disc harrow
1 steel drag
1 I. & C. pivot pole cultivator
1 walking cultivator
1 corn planter
1 Johnston 5-ft mower
1 hay rake, 10-ft
1 McCormick binder

1 new 3-in. truck
1 wagon
1 basket hog rack
1 milk wagon
1 feed cutter, 10-in.
1 2 1-2 h. p. gas. engine
1 grindstone
1 corn sheller
1 Cypres 90 egg incubator
140-feet hay rope, forks and pulleys
7 milk cans

1 set double harness
1 set single harness

1 crosscut saw
1 6-ft. milk tank
1 self-sinking tank heater
1 5 gal. churn

TERMS—All sums of $10 and under cash; all sums over that amount a credit of 6 months will be given on good bankable notes with interest at 6 per cent. No goods to be moved till settled for.

CLIFFORD SMITH, Prop.
GEO. VOGEL, Auctioneer.
GEO. BARTLETT, Clerk.

ANTIOCH MILLING CO.

Are about ready to open their Flour Mill and wish to buy wheat
Any farmer who has any for sale please let us know at once. Will pay the highest market price

Custom Grinding of All Kinds

Let us show you what we can do

Corner Main and Railroad Streets, Antioch

A Cigar of Merit

"EL RECTOR"

CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

Factory 2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL. C. NIEMAN, Maker
Phone Canal 4478
OFFICE, 1204 S. LEAVITT ST

LONG LIVE THE [illegible]

Roberts Rinehart

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CHAPTER I.

—1—

The Crown Prince Runs Away.

The Crown Prince sat in the royal box and swung his legs. This was hardly princely, but the royal legs did not quite reach the floor from the high crimson-velvet seat of his chair.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto was bored. His royal robes, consisting of a pair of blue serge trousers, a short Eton jacket, and a stiff, rolling collar of white linen, irked him.

He had been brought to the opera house under a misapprehension. His aunt, the Archduchess Annunciata, had strongly advocated "The Flying Dutchman," and his English governess, Miss Braithwaite, had read him some inspiring literature about it. So here he was, and the Flying Dutchman was not ghostly at all, nor did it fly. And instead of flying, after dreary eons of singing, it was moved off on creaky rollers by men whose shadows were thrown grotesquely on the sea backing.

The orchestra, assisted by a bass solo and intermittent thunder in the wings, was making a deafening din. One of the shadows on the sea backing took out its handkerchief and wiped its nose.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto looked across at the other royal box, and caught his Cousin Hedwig's eye. She also had seen the handkerchief; she took out her own scrap of linen, and mimicked the shadow. Then, Her Royal Highness the Archduchess Annunciata being occupied with the storm, she winked across at Prince Ferdinand William Otto.

In the opposite box were his two cousins, the Princesses Hedwig and Hilda, attended by Hedwig's lady in waiting. Hedwig was eighteen. The crown prince liked Hedwig better than Hilda. Although she had been introduced formally to the court at the Christmas-eve ball, and had been duly presented by her grandfather, the king, with the usual string of pearls and her own carriage, she still ran off now and then to have tea with the crown prince and Miss Braithwaite in the school room at the palace; and she could eat a great deal of bread and butter.

The crown prince yawned, although it was but the middle of the afternoon. Catching Hedwig's eye, he ran his fingers up through his thick yellow hair and grinned. Hedwig blushed. She had confided to him once, while they were walking in the garden at the summer palace, that she was thinking of being in love with a young lieutenant who was attached to the king's suite. The prince—who was called Otto, for short, by the family, because he actually had eleven names—the prince had been much interested. For some time afterward he had bothered Miss Braithwaite to define being in love, but he had had no really satisfactory answer.

In pursuance of his quest for information, he had grown quite friendly with the young officer, whose name was Larisch, and had finally asked to have him ride with him at the royal riding school. The grim old king had granted the request, but it had been quite fruitless so far after all. Lieutenant Larisch only grew quite red as [illegible]ours when love was mentioned, [illegible]he appeared not unwilling to may[illegible] name.

[illegible]nand William Otto ran farmin[illegible] his fair hair, which [illegible]ugu[illegible]nture [illegible]ture of the lieuten- [illegible]te ges[illegible]lushed. The arch- Hedwig b[illegible]in back, was nod- sitting wel[illegible]he royal box, on just outside t[illegible]als eneral Mettlich, d velvet sofa, G[illegible]yes, and had come was the chancellor, [illegible]ed and stayed cause he had been invit[illegible] St he liked to tside because he said, [illegible] was sound ear music, not see it, [illegible]m, with its asleep. His martial boso[illegible]nd falling gold braid, was rising a[illegible]he prince's peacefully. Beside him lay t[illegible] it. crown, a small black derby ha[illegible]

Prince Ferdinand William [illegible]—Otto considered it all very wearisome. If one could only wander around the corridor or buy a sandwich from the [illegible]tand at the foot of the great staircase [illegible]or, better still, if one could only [illegible]get to the street, alone, and purchase one or [illegible]he fig women that Miss Braithwaite so despised! The crown prince felt in his pocket, wher his week's allowance of pocket [illegible]oney lay comfortably untouched.

He medi[illegible]d. He could go out quickly, a[illegible]he only wandered about it. Ever, it would stretch his short legs [illegible]d already like spring. the co[illegible] outside it was a fine day,

[illegible]t, the trepidation of a canary finds his cage door open, and, [illegible]ing to the threshold, surveys the [illegible]rld before venturing to explore it, Prince Ferdinand William Otto rose to his feet, tiptoed past the Archduchess Annunciata, who did not move, and looked around him from the doorway.

He picked up his hat and concealed it by his side. Then nonchalantly, as if to stretch his legs by walking ten feet up the corridor and back, he passed the dressing room door. Another moment, and he was out of sight around a bend of the passageway, and before him lay liberty.

Not quite! At the top of the private staircase reserved for the royal family a guard commonly stood. He had moved a few feet from his post, however, and was watching the stage through the half-open door of a private loge.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto passed behind him with outward calmness. At the top of the public staircase, however, he hesitated. Here, everywhere, were brass-buttoned officials of the opera house. A garderobe woman stared at him curiously. The little prince looked at the woman with appeal in his eyes. Then, with his heart thumping, he ran past her, down the white marble staircase, to where the great doors promised liberty.

Olga, the wardrobe woman, came out from behind her counter and stood looking down the marble staircase after the small flying figure.

The old soldier who rented opera glasses at the second landing, and who had left a leg in Bosnia, leaned over the railing. "Look at that!" he exclaimed. "He will break a leg, the young rascal! Once I could have—but there, he is safe! The good God watches over fools and children."

"It looked like the little prince," said the wardrobe woman. "I have seen him often—he has the same bright hair."

But the opera-glass man was not listening. He had drawn a long sausage from one pocket and a roll from the other, and now, retiring to a far window, he stood placidly eating—a bite of sausage, a bite of bread. His mind was in Bosnia, with his leg. And because old Adelbert's mind was in Bosnia, and because one hears with the mind, and not with the ear, he did not hear the sharp question of the sentry who ran down the stairs and paused for a second at the cloak-room. Well for Olga, too, that old Adelbert did not hear her reply.

"He has not passed here," she said, with wide and honest eyes, but with an ear toward old Adelbert. "An old gentleman came a moment ago and got a sandwich, which he had left in his overcoat. Perhaps this is whom you are seeking?"

The sentry cursed, and ran down the staircase, the nails in his shoes striking sharply on the marble.

Olga of the cloak room leaned over her checks, with her lips curved up in a smile. "The little one!" she thought. "And such courage! He will make a great king! Let him have his prank like the other children, and—God bless him and keep him!"

The crown prince was just a trifle dazzled by the brilliance of his success. He paused for one breathless moment under the porte-cochere of the opera house; then he took a long breath, turned to the left; and was at once swallowed up in the street crowd. It seemed very strange to him. Not that he was unaccustomed to crowds. Had he not, that very Christmas, gone shopping in the city, accompanied only by one of his tutors and Miss Braithwaite, and bought for his grandfather, the king, a burnt wood box, which might hold either neckties or gloves, and for his cousins silver photograph frames?

But this was different, and for a rather peculiar reason. Prince Ferdinand William Otto had never seen the back of a crowd! The public was always lined up, facing him, smiling and bowing and God-blessing him. Prince Ferdinand William Otto had never known the backs could be so rigid. It was most interesting.

The next tour was full of remarkable things. For one, he dodged behind a street car and was almost run over by a taxicab. The policeman on the corner came out, and taking Ferdinand William Otto by the shoulder, gave him a talking to and a shaking. Ferdinand William Otto was furious, but policy kept him silent; which proves conclusively that the crown prince had not only initiative—witness his flight—but self-control and diplomacy. Lucky country, to have in prospect such a king!

Prince Ferdinand William Otto had the fulfillment of a great desire in his small, active mind. This was nothing less than a ride on the American scenic railroad, which had secured a concession in a far corner of the park. Hedwig's lieutenant had described it to him—how one was taken in a small car to a dizzy height, and then turned loose on a track which dropped giddily and rose again, which hurled one through sheet-iron tunnels of incredible blackness, thrust one out over a gorge, whirled one in mad curves around corners of precipitous heights, and finally landed one, panting, breathless, shocked, and reeling, but safe, at the very platform where one had purchased one's ticket three eternities, which were only minutes, before.

As the early spring twilight fell, the gas lamps along the allee, always burning, made a twin row of pale stars ahead. At the end, even as the wanderer gazed, he saw myriads of tiny red, white, and blue lights, rising high in the air, outlining the crags and peaks of the sheet iron mountain which was his destination. The land of desire was very near!

There came to his ears, too, the occasional rumble that told of some palpitating soul being at that moment hurled and twisted and joyously thrilled, as per the lieutenant's description.

Now it is a strange thing, but true, that one does not reach the land of desire alone; because the half of pleasure is the sharing of it with some one else, and the land of desire, alone, is not the land of desire at all. Quite suddenly, Prince Ferdinand William Otto discovered that he was lonely. At that moment there was a soft whirring off to one side of him, and a yellow bird, rising and falling erratically on the breeze, careened suddenly and fell at his feet.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto bent down and picked it up. It was a small toy aeroplane, with yellow silk planes,



"Gee! Did You See It Go That Time?"

guy ropes of waxed thread, and a wooden rudder, its motive power vested in a tightly twisted rubber. One of the wings was bent. Ferdinand William Otto straightened it, and looked around for the owner.

A small boy was standing under the next gas lamp. "Gee!" he said in English. "Did you see it go that time?"

Prince Ferdinand William Otto eyed the stranger. He was about his own age, and was dressed in a short pair of corduroy trousers, much bloomed at the knee, a pair of yellow Russia-leather shoes that reached well to his calves, and, over all, a shaggy white sweater, rolling almost to his chin. On the very back of his head he had the smallest cap that Prince Ferdinand William Otto had ever seen.

"This is the best time for flying," he said, in his perfect English. "All the exhibition flights are at sundown."

The boy walked slowly over and stood looking down at him. "You ought to see it fly from the top of Pike's Peak!" he remarked. He had caught sight of the despised derby, and his eyes widened, but with instinctive good breeding he ignored it. "That's Pike's Peak up there."

He indicated the very top of the land of desire. The prince stared up.

"How does one get up?" he queried.

"Ladders. My father's the manager. He lets me up sometimes."

Prince Ferdinand William Otto stared with new awe at the boy. He found the fact much more remarkable than if the stranger had stated that his father was the king of England. Kings were, as you may say, directly in Prince Ferdinand William Otto's line, but scenic railroads—

"I had thought of taking a journey on it," he said, after a second's reflection. "Do you think your father will sell me a ticket?"

"Billy Grimm will. I'll go with you."

The prince rose with alacrity. Then he stopped. He must, of course, ask the strange boy to be his guest. But two tickets! Perhaps his allowance was not sufficient.

"I must see first how much it costs," he said with dignity.

The other boy laughed. "Oh, gee! You come with me. It won't cost anything," he said, and led the way toward the towering lights.

For Bobby Thorpe to bring a small boy to ride with him was an everyday affair. Billy Grimm, at the ticket window, hardly glanced at the boy who stood, trembling with anticipation, in the shadow of the booth.

The car came, and they climbed in. Perhaps, as they moved off, Prince Ferdinand William Otto had a qualm, occasioned by the remembrance of the English child who had met an untimely end; but if he did, he pluckily hid it.

"Put your lid on the floor of the car," said Bobby Thorpe, depositing his own atom there. "Father says, if you do that, you're perfectly safe."

Prince Ferdinand William Otto divined that this referred to his hat, and drew a small breath of relief. And then they were off, up an endless, clicking roadway, where at the top the car hung for a breathless second over the gulf below; then, fairly launched, out on a trestle, with the city far beneath them, and only the red, white, and blue lights for company; and into a tunnel, filled with roaring noises and swift-moving shadows. Then came the end of all things—a flying leap down, a heart-breaking, delirious thrill, an upward sweep just as the strain was too great for endurance.

Above the roaring of the wind in their ears, neither child had heard the flying feet of a dozen horses coming down the allee. They never knew that a hatless young lieutenant, white-lipped with fear, had checked his horse to its haunches at the ticket booth, and demanded to know who was in the land of desire.

"Only the son of the manager, and a boy friend of his," replied Billy Grimm, in what he called the lingo of the country. "What's wrong? Lost anybody?"

But Hedwig's lieutenant had wheeled his horse without a word, and, jumping him over the hedge of the allee, was off in a despairing search of the outskirts of the park, followed by his cavalrymen.

As the last horse leaped the hedge and disappeared, the car came to a stop at the platform. Quivering, Prince Ferdinand William Otto reached down for the despised hat.

"Would you like to go around again?" asked Bobby, quite casually.

His highness gasped with joy. "If—if you would be so kind!" he said.

And at the lordly wave of Bobby's hand, the car moved on.

CHAPTER II.

—

Disgraced.

At eight o'clock that evening the Crown Prince Ferdinand William Otto approached the palace through the public square. He approached it slowly, for two reasons. First, he did not want to go back. Second, he was rather frightened. He had an idea that they would be disagreeable.

There seemed to be a great deal going on at the palace. Carriages were rolling in under the stone archway and, having discharged their contents, mostly gentlemen in uniform, were moving off with a thundering of hoofs that reached from the vaulted roof of the entrance. All the lights were on in the wing where his grandfather, the king, lived alone. As his grandfather hated lights, and went to bed early, Prince Ferdinand William Otto was slightly puzzled.

He was very dirty. His august face was streaked with soot, and his august hands likewise. His small derby hat was carefully placed on the very back of his head at the angle of the American boy's cap. As his collar had scratched his neck, he had, at Bobby's suggestion, taken it off and rolled it up. He decided, as he waited in the square, to put it on again. Miss Braithwaite was very peculiar about collars.

Came a lull in the line of carriages. Prince Ferdinand William Otto took a long breath and started forward. As he advanced he stuck his hands in his pockets and swaggered a trifle. It was, as nearly as possible, an exact imitation of Bobby Thorpe's walk. And to keep up his courage, he quoted that young gentleman's farewell speech to himself: "What d' you care? They won't eat you, will they?"

Prince Ferdinand William Otto stood in the shadows and glanced across. The sentries stood like wooden men, but something was wrong in the court yard inside. The guards were all standing, and there seemed to be a great many of them. And just as he had made up his mind to take the plunge, so to speak, a part of his own regiment of cavalry came out from the court yard with a thundering of hoofs, wheeled at the street, and clattered off.

Very unusual, all of it.

The Crown Prince Ferdinand Otto felt in his pocket for his handkerchief, and, moistening a corner with his tongue, wiped his face. Then he wiped his shoes. Then, with his hands in his trousers pockets, he sauntered into the light.

The two sentries made no sign when they saw Ferdinand William Otto approaching. But one of them forgot to bring his musket to salute. He crossed himself instead. And something strained around the other sentry's lower jaw suddenly relaxed into a smile as his royal highness drew a hand from its refuge and saluted. He glanced at one, then at the other, rather sheepishly, hesitated between them, clapped his hat on more securely, and marched in.

"The young rascal!" said the second sentry to himself. And by turning his head slightly—for a sentry learns to see all around like a horse, without twisting his neck—he watched the runaway into the palace.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto went up the stone staircase. Here and there he passed guards who stared and saluted. Had he not been obsessed with the vision of Miss Braithwaite, he would have known that relief followed in his wake. Doors clattered down the staircase to the court yard. Other messengers, breathless and eager, flew to that lighted wing where the council sat, and where the old king, propped up in bed, waited and fought terror.

His eyes, weary with many years of ruling, of disappointments and bitterness, roved the room. They came to rest at last on the photograph of a young man, which stood on his bedside table.

He was a very young man, in a uniform. He was boyish, and smiling. There was a dog beside him, and its head was on his knee. Wherever one stood in the room, the eyes of the photograph gazed at one. The king knew this, and because he was quite old, and because there were few people to whom a king dares to speak his inmost thoughts, he frequently spoke to the photograph. The older he grew, the more he felt, sometimes, as though it knew what he said.

"If they've got him," he said now to the picture, "it is out of my hands, and into yours, my boy."

Much of his life had been spent in waiting, in waiting for a son, in waiting for that son to grow to be a man, in waiting while that son in his turn loved and married and begot a manchild, in waiting, when that son had died a violent death, for the time when his tired hands could relinquish the scepter to his grandchild.

Quite suddenly the door opened. The old man turned his head. Just inside stood a very dirty small boy.

The Crown Prince Ferdinand William Otto was most terribly frightened. Everything was at sixes and sevens. Miss Braithwaite had been crying her head off, and on seeing him had fallen in a faint. Not that he thought it was a real faint. He had unmistakably seen her eyelids quiver. And when she came to she had ordered him no supper, and four pages of German translation, and to go to bed at seven o'clock instead of seven-thirty for a week. All the time crying, too. And then she had sent him to his grandfather, and taken aromatic ammonia.

His grandfather said nothing, but looked at him.

"Here—here I am, sir," said the crown prince from the door.

The king drew a long breath. But the silence persisted. Prince Ferdinand William Otto furtively rubbed a dusty shoe against the back of a trousers leg.

"I'm afraid I'm not very neat, sir," said Prince Ferdinand William Otto, and took a step forward. Until his grandfather commanded him, he could not advance into the room.

"Come here," said the king.

He went to the side of the bed.

"Where have you been?"

"I'm afraid—I ran away, sir."

"Why?"

Prince Ferdinand William Otto considered. It was rather an awful moment. "I don't exactly know. I just thought I would."

You see, it was really extremely difficult. To say that he was tired of



"Here I Am, Sir," Said the Crown Prince.

things as they were would sound ungrateful. Would, indeed, be most impolite. And then, exactly why had he run away?

"Suppose," said the king, "you draw up a chair and tell me about it. We'd better talk it over, I think."

His royal highness drew up a chair, and sat on it. His feet not reaching the floor, he hooked them around the chair rung. This was permissible because, first, the king could not see them from his bed. Second, it kept his knees from shaking.

"Probably you are aware," said the king, "that you have alarmed a great many people."

"I'm sorry, sir. I didn't think—"

"A prince's duty is to think. Where did you go?"

"To the park, sir. I—I thought I'd like to see the park by myself. It's very hard to enjoy things with Miss Braithwaite, sir. She does not really enjoy the things I like. Nikky and I—"

"By 'Nikky' you mean Lieutenant Larisch?"

"Yes, sir."

"Go on."

"We like the same things, sir—the Pike's-Peak-or-Bust, and all that."

The king raised himself on his elbow. "What was that?" he demanded.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto blushed, and explained. It was Bobby's name for the peak at the top of the scenic railway. He had been on the railway. He had been—his enthusiasm carried him away. His cheeks flushed. He sat forward on the edge of his chair, and gesticulated.

"I was awfully happy, sir," he ended. "It feels like flying, only safer. And the lights are pretty. It's like fairyland. There were two or three times when it seemed as if we'd turn over, or leap the track. But we didn't."

The king lay back and thought. More than anything in the world he loved this boy. But the occasion demanded a strong hand. "You were happy," he said. "You were disobedient, you were causing grave anxiety and distress—and you were happy! The first duty of a prince is to his country. His first lesson is to obey laws. He must always obey certain laws. A king is but the servant of his people. Some day you will be the king. You are being trained for that high office now. And yet you would set the example of insubordination, disobedience, and reckless disregard of the feelings of others."

"Yes, sir," said Prince Ferdinand William Otto, feeling very small and ashamed.

"Not only that. You slipped away. You did not go openly. You sneaked off, like a thief. Are you proud of it?"

"No, sir."

"I shall," said the king, "require no promise from you. Promises are poor things to hold to. I leave this matter in your own hands, Otto. You will be punished by Miss Braithwaite, and for the next ten days you will not visit me. You may go now."

Otto got off his chair. He was feeling exceedingly crushed. "Good night, sir," he said. And waited for his grandfather to extend his hand. But the old king lay looking straight ahead, with his mouth set in grim lines, and his hands folded over his breast.

At the door the crown prince turned and bowed. His grandfather's eyes were fixed on the two gold eagles over the door, but the photograph on the table appeared to be smiling at him.

* * *

Until late that night General Mettlich and the king talked together. The king had been lifted from his bed and sat propped in a great chair. Above his shabby dressing gown his face showed gaunt and old. In a straight chair facing him sat his old friend and chancellor.

"What it has shown is not entirely bad," said the king, after a pause. "The boy has initiative. And he made no attempt at evasion. He is essentially truthful."

"What it has also shown, sire, is that no protection is enough. When I, who love the lad, and would—when I could sleep, and let him get away, as I did—"

"The truth is," said the king, "we are both of us getting old." He tapped with his gnarled fingers on the blanket that lay over his knees. "The truth is also," he observed a moment later, "that the boy has very few pleasures. He is alone a great deal."

General Mettlich raised his shaggy head. Many years of wearing a soldier's cap had not injured his heavy gray hair. He had bristling eyebrows, white now, and a short, fighting mustache. When he was irritated, or disagreed with any one, his eyebrows came down and the mustache went up.

Many years of association with his king had given him the right to talk to him as man to man. They even quarreled now and then. It was a brave man who would quarrel with old Ferdinand II.

So now his eyebrows came down and his mustache went up. "How—alone, sire?"

"You do not regard that bigoted English woman as a companion, do you?"

"She is a thoughtful and conscientious woman, sire," he said stiffly. It happened that he had selected her. "She does her duty. And as to the boy being lonely, he has no time to be lonely. His tutors—"

"How old is he?"

"Ten next month."

The king said nothing for a time. Then—"It is hard," he said at last, "for seventy-four to see with the eyes of ten. As for this afternoon—why in the name of a thousand devils did they take him to see the 'Flying Dutchman?' I detest it."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

INCREASE IN WESTERN CANADA ACREAGE

Will Prove a Big Factor in Winning the War.

Reports to hand indicate that West- Canada has a vastly increased ge ready for crop this year over year. The splendid open fall of gave a better opportunity for fall ng than for some years. Work e fields was almost continuous til the end of November. In fact, in the neighborhood of Pincher Creek, Alberta, there was sufficient mild weather in January of this year to permit farmers to plow, and many took advantage of it. A great many Americans owning land in Canada moved up last year, and this has also helped to increase the acreage. They came into possession of the land at prices varying from $15.00 to $30.00 an acre, and with the proven yields of wheat running from twenty and as high as fifty bushels per acre, with a set price of $2.21 a bushel, they could join production and patriotism together with a big margin of profit. The Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Wash., gives a very conservative statement of the agricultural development and opportunities in Western Canada. In its issue of December 14, 1917, it says:—

"Since the beginning of the year American emigration into Canada has been greatly stimulated according to the reports of the Dominion authorities, and has been almost entirely made up of farmers attracted by the fertile and comparatively cheap wheat lands.

"Whatever may be said of wheat culture as a profitable avocation in ordinary years, since the beginning of the war it has offered advantages quite beyond the usual opportunities. War has boomed the price of wheat until the farmer now receives around $2 for his product at his grannary. Average crops, according to the adaptation of soil and climate are from 12 to 25 bushels to the acre. Even the minimum crop, at $2 per bushel, brings in these war times a reasonable profit. Before the war wheat culture was fast being abandoned by farmers who worked intelligently for results on the right side of the ledger. It has been the popular crop for new countries, but when the pioneers settled down to business it was generally corn, hogs, cattle and diversified farming that brought the profits. Iowa and the Dakotas in turn, as their prairies became settled, mortgaged the land on wheat culture and afterwards paid off the mortgages with corn and hogs.

"War is thus bringing a temporary encouragement to wheat farming. Many of the ranchers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta laid away $20,000 to $30,000 in the banks last fall. It may be pointed out, however, that the growing of wheat is not the only inducement which is leading settlement to Canadian lands. Low taxation, favorable agricultural climate, and profitable prices not only for grain but for hogs, cattle and all forms of farm produce all contribute their share toward the rapid settlement of the fertile lands of Western Canada."—Advertisement.

No Doubt.

Hubby—"I'll be back at eleven, my dear; I give you my word." Wifey—"I would rather you keep it, my love."

Some people look at home as a sort of coaling station.



ON GUARD

At this time of the year people feel weak, tired, listless, their blood is thin, they have lived indoors and perhaps expended all their mental and bodily energy and they want to know how to renew their energy and stamina, overcome headaches and backaches, have clear eyes, a smooth, ruddy skin, and feel the exhilaration of real good health tingling thru their body. Good, pure, rich, red blood is the best insurance against ills of all kinds. Almost all diseases come from impure and impoverished blood. It is to be noticed in the pale or pimply face, the tired, haggard appearance or the listless manner.

Drink hot water a half hour before meals, and for a vegetable tonic there's nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the old-fashioned herbal remedy, which has had such a fine reputation for fifty years. It contains no alcohol or narcotics. It is made from Golden Seal root, Blood-root, Oregon grape root, Queen's root, Black Cherry bark, extracted with glycerine and made into tablets and liquid. Tablets sixty cents, at most drug stores.

In order to insure pure blood and to build up the system try this tonic known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Get it now!

IRRITATING COUGHS

Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy—

PISO'S

H... at ch...

Frederick Still Stands ... College

WASHINGTON.—The deadly statue of ... the man who was termed by Dr. R. ... "the head devil of the whole Prussian ...



... statue of ... niversity, ... nt of the ... troy an- ... w York ... ment to ... m into ... far has ... y to the ... overed, no- ... body ha... ... ick in ef- ... figy sh... ... disclosed ... the J... ... ckedness ... of F... ... watch- ... man a... ... e hasn't ... timated ... stitution ... ple of ... At ... Ger- ... the ... Was...

sighted so much as one lynching bee on its w... a little excitement now and then at the War ... three miles down the river, would not come a...

Of course, there are reasons. It isn't even ... Washington are more familiar with the statue ... least, the general attitude seems to be that if the ... man state looked anything like the statue of him ... German people.

Mr. Roosevelt, then president, put the statue out in front of ... War college, thus showing a good deal of judgment, for few people ever get to see it there.

Washington Women Open Their Homes for War Causes

WASHINGTON women, always liberal in the matter of lending their homes for charity, have been especially so with regard to war benefit entertainments or enterprises. Mrs. Gaff's ballroom has been repeatedly placed at the disposal of committees in charge of one benefit or another. Mrs. Jennings, at whose home the women who came to this country in behalf of the French orphans had their first hearing, has been equally generous. Mme. Jusserand has given a room in the embassy for the weekly rendezvous of the women connected with the embassy and with the French high commission who are knitting for the American soldiers.



Mrs. Henry F. Dimock's ballroom has been the regular meeting place on Saturday afternoons of the army women who are knitting for the engineers, besides having been loaned for several war benefits since the beginning of the winter. Mrs. Henry Huddleston Rogers of New York, who with Mr. Rogers is spending the winter here, has converted a portion of the handsome Duncan McKim house, which they are occupying, into a miniature factory for turning out articles knitted by machinery. A number of machines have been installed and are in motion every day manufacturing comforts for the soldiers. Mrs. Edward Beale McLean is making similar use of one of the large apartments of McLean house, where a group of women meet at regular intervals to make surgical dressings. Mrs. Junius MacMurray has loaned space in her house, in Massachusetts avenue, for the storing of wool to be converted into garments for the soldiers and for the weekly meeting of some of the army women.

Weather Bureau Is Doing Important Work in the War

NEVER in the history of conflicts of the world has the weather proved such a potent factor as in the war that is now in progress in Europe. This is largely due to the use of airplanes, dirigibles and captive balloons, to the highly perfected and powerful artillery and to the modern methods of warfare first brought into practice in this conflict. Foreknowledge of existing and expected weather conditions, both in the air and on the surface, has, therefore, become of the utmost importance.



When active preparations for the military preparedness of this country were begun—when the declaration was made by the United States that a state of war existed with the German government—it was apparent that the weather bureau had an important part to play. In recognition of this fact the secretary of agriculture communicated with the secretary of war and invited attention to the service which might be rendered by the weather bureau in furnishing the fullest information concerning weather conditions in the United States and adjacent regions. He also indicated the service that trained experts could render as aids to commanders in planning military operations. The secretary of war heartily accepted the suggestions, and preparations were made at once for the fullest co-operation in carrying out the plan.

It was obvious that the activities of the weather bureau for the time being at least would necessarily be extended to two primary objects: (1) The forecasting of the weather for purely military operations, and (2) the sounding of the upper air for the benefit of aviators, balloonists and artillerists.

The official in charge of the aerological investigations of the bureau has also been commissioned a major and placed in charge of the military aerological work. The aerological work heretofore performed by the bureau will be continued, in addition to the enlarged activities made possible by congressional appropriation of $100,000 for this work.

More Names Needed for Uncle Sam's New Warships

THE unprecedented increase in the number of naval vessels since the outbreak of the war has given rise to at least one problem which is proving to be a source of much perplexity to the naval authorities. The department is confronted with a dearth of names. Names are needed for the numerous destroyers, mine sweepers and patrol boats which have been added to the naval list or will be added in scores within the next few months. To make matters worse, Henry Ford is preparing to turn out in quantity a new type of vessel, something between a submarine chaser and a patrol boat, which must have a name of some kind, however informal the christening may be. And unless the Audubon societies, the naturalist or ornithologists of the country come to the rescue the navy department will be in a dilemma. The difficulty is that in naming vessels the department has drawn upon certain classes of names. The destroyers are named after naval heroes, the mine sweepers are named after birds, the tugs after Indian chiefs and the colliers after mythological deities or heroes.



There are enough deities to go around for the colliers, but the supply of naval heroes after whom the scores of new destroyers are to be added is running low and there are not many Indian chiefs left.

The assistant secretary of the navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt, admitted that the appendix of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary afforded very little in the way of bird's names suitable for mine sweepers. He admitted that the secretary bird, which is pictured in the act of seizing a snake with its talons, is hardly appropriate, and the laughing jackass even worse. It has been found that the supply of suitable birds' names is very limited.

The situation is even worse with reference to the destroyers. The number of these vessels is increasing with extraordinary rapidity and the number of naval heroes, up to the present time, at least, remains stationary. Soon there will not be enough heroes' names to go around and the department is confronted with the necessity either of recognizing new ones or switching to some other method of nomenclature.

...Company ...city

At a rec... Federal Trade Commission there was introduc... taken from the private files of Swift & Compa... ved that the Company had been considering for som... educational advertising campaign.

The need f... ublicity has been apparent to us for several years. T... gross misrepresentation to which we have recently been subjected has convinced us that we should no longer delay in putting before the public the basic facts of our business, relying on the fair-mindedness of the American people.

The feeling against the American packer is based largely on the belief that the income and well-being of the producer and consumer are adversely affected by the packers' operations, resulting in unreasonably large profits.

Swift & Company's net profit is reasonable, and represents an insignificant factor in the cost of living.

For the fiscal year 1917 the total sales and net profit of Swift & Company were as follows:

Sales
$875,000,000.

Profits
$34,650,000.

This is equivent to a $3,465. profit on a business of $87,500.

If Swift & Company had made no profit at all, the cattle raiser would have received only one-eighth of a cent per pound more for his cattle, or the consumer would have saved only one-quarter of a cent per pound on dressed beef.

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Right.

"Old Bostely says he has a million-dollar brain," observed the man who was always picking up information.

"He's quite right," answered the other; "it would cost him fully that much to find out what's the matter with it."

A DAGGER IN THE BACK

That's the woman's dread when she gets up in the morning to start the day's work. "Oh! how my back aches." GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules taken today eases the backache of tomorrow—taken every day ends the backache for all time. Don't delay. What's the use of suffering? Begin taking GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules today and be relieved tomorrow. Take three or four every day and be permanently free from wrenching, distressing back pain. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Since 1696 GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been the National Remedy of Holland, the Government of the Netherlands having granted a special charter authorizing its preparation and sale. The housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without bread as she would without her "Real Dutch Drops," as she quaintly calls GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. This is the one reason why you will find the women and children of Holland so sturdy and robust.

GOLD MEDAL are the pure, original Haarlem Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. Sold by reliable druggists in sealed packages, three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you. Accept only the GOLD MEDAL. All others are imitations. Adv.

Balearic Islands have an area of 1,936 square miles and 335,860 inhabitants.

Heal Baby Rashes

That itch, burn and torture. A hot Cuticura Soap bath gives instant relief when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. For free samples, address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

If a man has crow's-feet about his eyes there must be some caws.

Caviar to the General.

Although some packers of caviar in New York report that spoonbill caviar is being marketed here in bulk as low as 75 cents a pound, the market generally remains at $1.25 for prime quality, and a few sales are reported at $1. The quantity has been limited from all sources and, indeed, operators here have not been buying heavily. There has been a scarcity of lake caviar in bulk, and packers report that the prevailing price for this grade has been usually $1.50 a pound.—Fishing Gazette.

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders. Adv.

A German Republic.

I cannot easily believe in a German revolution, and still less, in a German republic. I shall, at all events, not live long enough to behold the latter. But I feel convinced that, long after we shall have quietly rotted in our graves, they will, in Germany, battle for a republic, with speech and sword. For republicanism is an idea, and the Germans have never yet given up an idea until they have fought it out to its ultimate results.—Heine.

What a Doughnut Is.

The ministry of food has informed the Twickenham food control committee that a doughnut is not a bun. Local unrest has been almost completely allayed by the prompt and fearless decision.—London Punch.

Multiplied Bliss.

"Jupiter has eight moons."

"Gee whiz! Fancy escorting a girl under eight of 'em!"

Pretty as All That.

"Is she pretty? How long was the jury out?"

"Didn't go out at all."

Minnesota last year produced 26,000,000 pounds of fish.

Very, Very Good.

Percival—Is he good in Math.?

Algernon—You bet. Never even whispers.—Yale Record.

THE RED CROSS NURSES OF EUROPE ARE GIVING TOASTED CIGARETTES TO THE BOYS

To anyone who doesn't know of the wonderful advances that have been made in the preparation of smoking tobaccos in the last few years it may sound strange to speak of toasted cigarettes.

Strictly speaking, we should say cigarettes made of toasted tobacco; the smokers of this country will recognize it more readily by its trade name, "LUCKY STRIKE"—the toasted cigarette.

The American Tobacco Company are producing millions of these toasted cigarettes and these are being bought in enormous quantities through the various tobacco funds conducted by the newspapers of the country and forwarded through the Red Cross Society to the boys in France.

This new process of treating tobacco not only improves the flavor of the tobacco but it seals in this flavor and makes the cigarettes keep better.

The Red Cross nurse is always glad to have a cigarette for the wounded soldier, as, in most instances, that is the first thing asked for. —Adv.

Cheap Enough.

Jones—"Did you get that mining stock at a bargain?" Brown—"Yes; I gave other mining stock for it."

Good health cannot be maintained where there is a constipated habit. Garfield Tea overcomes constipation. Adv.

In the bright lexicon of the hustler there is no such word as "enough."

People who have the least to say usually have the most to talk about.

1,716,000,000 Pounds of Flour Saved

if each of our 22,000,000 families use this recipe instead of white bread.

One loaf saves 11,000,000 pounds; three loaves a week for a year means 1,716,000,000 pounds saved!

Enough to Feed the Entire Allied Army

Corn Bread with Rye Flour

1 cup corn meal	1 teaspoon salt
1 cup rye flour	1 cup milk
2 tablespoons sugar	1 egg
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Barley flour or oat flour may be used instead of rye flour with equally good results. Sift dry ingredients into bowl; add milk, beaten egg and melted shortening. Stir well. Put into greased pan, allow to stand in warm place 20 to 25 minutes and bake in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New Y...

FOOD WILL WIN THE WA...

RURAL LIVE THE

by the Ridgway Company

LAKE VILLA

Fred Hamlin was in Waukegan the first of the week.

Albert Douglas was in Waukegan last week on jury duty.

Mrs. Averv and Miss Ruth spent last Thursday at Grayslake.

F. R. Sherwood spent the week-end in the city on business.

Carl Miller entertained the mumps last week and has been quite ill.

Rudolph Wendland has gone to Kansas on a business trip with his brother.

Mrs. Wendland entertained a few ladies at her home Friday afternoon.

Miss Lela Glynch of Deerfield school spent the week-end with friends here.

Raymond Bartlett has gone to Rockford to do carpenter work at Camp Grant.

Mrs. Fred Hamlin spent from Saturday till Monday with relatives at Oak Park.

Mrs. A. Lund entertained her brother and wife of Stevens Point, Wis., last week.

The Ladies Aid society will take orders for plain sewing of any kind or fancy work.

Mrs. Hattie Rowling spent several days last week with her brother's family at Grayslake.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Murrie and son of Waukegan spent Sunday with Mrs. Margaret Miller.

Capt. and Mrs. Bradley of Allendale farm took a number of the boys to the city last Thursday.

Miss Stella Kerr spent Saturday at Libertyville on clerical work for the exemption board.

P. S. Daniels, who works in Racine and John Cribb who works in Kenosha spent Sunday with their families here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Wendland attended the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. Wendland's sister in Chicago a week ago.

E. L. Wald spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Waukegan and also visited his nephew at Great Lakes training station.

Last number of the Lecture course at the church Saturday evening, March 16. Remember that 25% of proceeds go to the Red Cross.

The village authorities have purchased fire extinguishers and one will be placed in Manzer's store, one in the hardware store, one in the south end of town and one in the west end.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Eberler, Miss Pearl Leonard and friend, Ruby and Edward Leonard spent Sunday with their parents here. Edward is in splendid health and is able to see a little.

Mrs. Dalrymple who went to the German-American hospital in Chicago ten days ago stood her operation very well and is doing nicely. Her friends are very glad to hear such good reports.

TREVOR

Mrs. Singler is on the sick list.

Quite a number attended the Arthur Bloss sale at Salem Thursday.

Mrs. Harry Lubeno entertained a sister from Chicago last week.

Geo. Faulkner and wife of Wilmot called on Mrs. Booth Monday.

Elbert Kennedy is entertaining a sister and her husband from Nebraska.

Miss Lucille Mathews of Union Grove spent the week-end with her parents.

Mrs. Wm. Mecklenburg's brother returned to his home in Racine Tuesday.

Mrs. Charles Barber visited her sister Mrs. Clauds Dixon of Silverlake Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Strang of Antioch visited Mrs. Pierce and Mrs. Lester Monday and Tuesday.

The Parent-Teacher's monthly business meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Mickle Friday.

The Mystic Workers will give a dance ...evor hall, Friday evening. Every ...ing to the thres. cordially invited.

...any friends of Mrs. Josephine ...ninded her of her birthday by a post card shower.

...ins and Geo. Patrick have ... past week breaking a ... belonging to the latter.

... Lester, who has been ... Mrs. Milton Pierce ... me in Oak Park on ... passageway, ...

...rson who has been ...rs. Henry Lubeno ...me in Glendive,

Chas. Trua... spent Sunday ...

...Mrs. ... the pri... royal ... He called ... day.

Mrs Lars... is seriously ill ... Lake.

Alfred Spaffor... farm at public auct... court house in Waukegan.

Schools in this vicinity will be closed Thursday and Friday as the teachers will attend Teacher's Institute.

Miss Helen Cannon having been sick the past week was taken Sunday to the Jane McAlister hospital for an operation for apendicitis.

AUCTION SALES

Having decided to quit dairying, I will sell at public auction on my farm, situated 4 miles north of Antioch and 2 miles south of Salem, on

Friday, March 15

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, the following property towit:

18 head of live stock—5 heifers, milking; 3 heifers, close springers; 5 cows, milking; 2 cows, close springers; 1 2-year old bull; 2 Duroc Jersey sows, both due in May.

10 acres of corn in shock, 8 feet of silage, corn binder, 2 cultivators, 240-egg incubator and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—6 months at 6%.

Ed Blanke, Prop.

Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer.
Geo Bartlett, Clerk.

NERVY GIRL MAKES FORTUNE IN YEAR

Cigar Stand Clerk Takes Homestead and War Prices Bring Her Riches.

Virgelle, Mont.—Father Time has clicked off just one little year since Miss Beda Berggren of Duluth, Minn., stepped from behind the cigar counter of a hotel in that city. This year, however, has been time enough for the girl to gather a neat little fortune and gain independence for the rest of her life.

One year ago Miss Berggren was working for $15 a week. Now she owns 403 acres of fine land near here, has a comfortable home, and wouldn't be cooped up behind a cigar stand for "all the money on earth." The best part of the whole thing is that she



Now Owns 493 Acres of Fine Land.

"didn't have to marry a rich bachelor, or fall heir to the fortune of a relative.

Miss Berggren heard a salesman telling of the opportunities in homesteads in the West. Immediately she wrote to friends in Montana, asking them how to take a claim. They told her, and she filed on 160 acres, which cost her $24. Later she took 160 acres more, then bought 13 acres and finally took another 160-acre tract. This made a total of 493 acres in her possession, and now it can be sold for $50 an acre.

War prices of farm products came to the aid of Miss Berggren. She put up her shack and made the necessary improvements around the homestead. She did most of the plowing and planting herself, although neighbors helped her some. Then her crop began to ripen, and she soon was in a position to travel back to Duluth as a wealthy land owner.

The trip back to Duluth, however, was for only a short vacation. Miss Berggren hu... some-in Mon... stay ...re ...e."

...of Bu... Wilmot.

...k of Antioch spent ...n. Volbrecht home.

M. J. Carey spent F... D ...d shopping in Chicago.

Ms. W. Winn were Sunday ...e L. Hegeman home.

...Mehy of Trevor visited at ...y Motley home one day last week.

M. Huber and family of Madison ...ov on the Kronke farm the first of ...e week.

M. J. Motley is visiting at the hom... of her daughter Mrs. H. Spear ...n Sron, Wis.

M. E. Shales returned to Antioch ...ft ... spending the past week at the ... Pacey home.

...hes Carey has purchased the Ford ...ru... owned by the Wilbur Lumber ...oat Silver Lake.

M. A. Lampe and Mrs. E. C. Mu... ...pent the first of the week with ...elves in Kenosha.

M. C. E. Lewis and Mrs. Wilbur Lew... of Evanston spent Friday at the Fra... Burrough home.

...Pacey of Nebraska arrived last wee... for a visit at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Pacey

M. H. Hotton returned Sunday from the Burlington Hospital where she underwent an operation recently.

Bo... to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Paddock on Sunday, March 10, a ten pound daughter, at the D. J. Vincent house.

M. E. Kennedy and Mr. and Mrs. A. Mer... of Harvard, Neb., have been spending the past week at R. C. Shotliff.

I. H. C. Darby spent the past week at Grayslake with relatives returning the first of the week to open up his office in Wilmot.

...gust Holtdorf assompanied his wi... as far as Kenosha on her way to Gre... Bay where she will assist in the ca... of her father and mother, who are ... both ill.

...r. J. Bienie engineer for the Buckley Gravel Co. returned to work at the pi... the first of the week. Mr. and Mrs. Bienie will occupy the flat over the drug store this summer.

...wing to the severe storm Saturday ...troying forty of the T. M. E. R. and ...lectric light poles, the lighting service was out of commission Saturday ...ht. The New Era telephone company had ten poles blown down and the ...e lines were badly mixed. Ten circuits were thrown out of order. Mr. Peterson of Richmond assisted Guy Loftis in the repair work necessary.

The following letter of thanks to the local Red Cross was received by Ermine Grey, Secretary.

France, Feb. 6, 1918.

Miss Ermine Carey, Wilmot, Wis.

Dear Ermine—Today I happened to want a smoke and going into my trunk found and opened a carton of Lucky Strikes which the Wilmot Red Cross had sent to me for Xmas. It brought pleasant thoughts of Wilmot and I wish to thank the people who were responsible for the gift. I have been over here two weeks and in that time have seen a great deal of the country. It surely is picturesque. You would smile to see us trying to get what we eat. But a fellow soon picks up the language and there isn't much to cause trouble, especially if you keep your pocket dictionary handy.

The climate here is chilly but green grass is all around. As yet I have seen no rainstorm. We are not allowed to tell where we have been or where we are, so it is really hard to write letters. I am traveling with six fine fellows to different schools. At these schools I have met other fine men, so you see, the war, as far I have seen is very enjoyable. Of course, we have seen some of the results of the war and it makes us doubly glad that we caught the Boches on this side.

I met a very interesting French First Lieutenant the other day who could talk English about as well as I could French. But with signs and pictures we got along nicely. He commands several French tanks and has been in the war since the first day. He has been wounded four times and still is in fine shape. What I would give to have had his experiences.

Regards and thanks to all of the folks around Wilmot. I have sent for the Telegraph Courier and shall watch with interest for the Wilmot Items. I am on the watch for Earl Boulden. Sincerely, Earle M. Darby, First Lieut. Inf. U. S. R. A. E. F., A. P. F. 714.

Soil Peculiarities.

A soil covered with gravel cools much more slowly than a sandy soil, so that the heat absorbed during the day is retained farther into the night. This knowledge is taken advantage of in cases where, otherwise, late fruiting crops would either be caught by frosts or fail to mature through shortness of the high temperature season. Sod or cover crops prevent warming of the soil.



There is an early Easter this year and the annual, welcome guest of new spring millinery is on. Nothing stales its perennial interest—we discover the new styles with as much joy as if they were a gold mine each season. This zest is merited by the new hats; they are in reality as fine from every standpoint as any within the memory of the oldest milliner. There is variety without end in them—the shapes emphasize becomingness. There are many kinds of trimming and beautiful workmanship is the rule. Which all leads to the conclusion that the American woman has earned a reputation for being well dressed because she is discriminating.

The paramount hat, or the paramount fabric of which hats are made, is crepe georgette. It is used with braids and with other fabrics, or without them, for covering shapes. All colors look their best in its rich and dainty texture. At the center of the picture a hat is shown covered with it and having a ruche of it about the crown. Large, glazed cherries in red, jade and blue find the beige color of the crepe the best of backgrounds.

There is a cape to match made of two hemmed flounces about the shoulders and a ruche about the neck and a cluster of cherries brightens this also.

A dashing hat of black satin having a border of straw braid on the brim edge in light French gray is trimmed with two long gray quills that harmonize exactly with the sprited shape. There are many brilliant, glossy small hats for her who lives in the North and may have to wear her Easter hat in token of a spring that is behind Easter in arriving. No two hats were ever more unlike than this saucy model and the demure hat of crepe above it.

At the left of the picture there is a very pretty hat with a crown of corded silk and a braid brim faced with silk. Three small and very green apples, in some sort of composition, make its very simple and durable trimming. It is a very graceful model and the same adjective is deserved by all three hats.

Julia Bottomley

There Is a Vogue for Aprons



There is, or at least there appears to be, a vogue for aprons of the sorts that cover the dress or are substituted for it. Styles in aprons are shown in almost as much profusion as styles in frocks and some persons insist—especially some masculine persons—that women look their best in these work-a-day garments. At any rate they have a chance to look very well in them since there are so many designs in them made up in attractive colors and with easy, semifitted lines.

The fortunes of war have brought it about that many women must do a great part of their own housework and they are making a virtue of necessity. The good-looking apron, or "service dress," or house frock helps some. It is the insignia of a service to be proud of and adds a cheery element to humdrum tasks.

Ginghams and percales, in an array of good colors, are used for making the new aprons and nearly always a combination of two materials enhances the colors in the plaid or striped apron. A great deal of attention is given to attractive combinations of plaid or striped material with plain patterns and plain chambray made up with accessories of prettily flowered cretonne. They make up spring house frocks that do not suffer by comparison with any other sort of dress.

The apron shown above is of plaid gingham and plain chambray. It is one of the models with long sleeves. There are not so many of these, for the three-quarter sleeve has the preference in utility styles both in aprons and frocks.

Julia Bottomley

Capes Will Be Worn.

Capes are to have run of popularity during the coming spring and summer seasons. Some are cut on military lines, but inasmuch as the military note has been sounded by designers of every type and class of apparel for women during the past nine months, the best dressed women are not going in very seriously for the military garment this spring.

A Satisfactory Way.

"We ask Providence for so ma... things," says a Billville philosophe... "It might be a good idea to bunch 'e... —for instance: 'Send all you've go... and we'll do the selecting!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

Winter will pass a... spring will come a... multifarious things to ... done present themsel... housecleaning amongoth... 'Tis usually a time of ... fusion. Now if your hom... equipment includes a

Vacuum Cleaner

No one season need be set apart, for then every day's housecleaning day. The operation involved is stripped of most of its drudgery—real sanitary cleaning is possible.

We sell Vacuum Cleaners on easy payments

Public Service Co.

of Northern Ills.



C. H. BARBER

Registered Optometrist

Antioch Days, every alternate Wednesday. At H. J. Barber's. Eyes examined and glasses fitted.

Eye Glasses Scientifically Fitted

A. HADLOCK, Oph. M.

Optometrist

At Keulman's Jewelry Store
Antioch, Ill.

Sequoit Lodge No. 827 A.F.&A. M

Holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y. P. O. HAWKINS, W. M.

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month
IDA OSMOND, Sec'y. MARY WATSON, W. M

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Broker

Diamonds, watches and all kinds of jewlery at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores

24 North Dearborn St. Chicago.

For Electric

lighting, fixtures, motosr, irons, ranges, washing machines and all other power and heating devices see

Cash or easy payment

P. D. SKILBECK,

Phone, 48-J Grays Lake

House wiring our specialty

W. G. Bragg

Teacher of Violin

Pupil of Chas. K. Lindsay

Reference

Dr. F. S. Morrell, Antioch

LOTUS CAMP NO. 557 M. W. A

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in the Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.

J. C. JAMES, Clerk. NORRIS PROCTOR, V. C.

BANK OF ANTIOCH

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business

J. E. BROOK, Banker

L. G. STRANG

Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director

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